

RAILROAD MEN WILL 'OT STRIKE

The eight hour bill, the price paid by the Wilson administration to a threatened railroad strike, was signed by President Wilson Sunday morning at 9 o'clock in his private car at the union station in Washington. The measure was passed by the senate Saturday night at 11 o'clock by a vote of 43 to 28, the bill having been passed by the house on Friday.

A test of the constitutionality of the bill will be begun at once by the railroads, according to statements by railway presidents figuring in the recent strike conferences. The all-day debate on the bill in the senate will go down in history for its acrimony. Charges of violation of their oaths by senators, allegations of political expediency, charges of cowardice chased across the chamber. Before the debate ended the alignment became a party one, and when the vote was taken, only one Republican senator, La Follette of Wisconsin, voted for the bill. Two Democratic senators, Hardwick of Georgia, and Clarke of Arkansas, voted against it. For the good of the country—that was the argument of justification for the Democratic senators for the measure. The brotherhood chiefs said immediately after the passage of the bill by the senate that they would not record the strike order until the president had signed the bill, but Secretary of Labor Wilson took to them, at 5 o'clock Saturday night, a message from President Wilson giving his pledge to sign the measure, and asking that the strike be called off at once, in order that there should be no doubt of the messages reaching the 400,000 engineers, firemen, conductors, and trainmen by 7 o'clock Monday morning. In thirty-five minutes the messages canceling the strike order were on their way.

MAROOINED MEN REACH PUNTA ARENA

By Telegram to The Freeman.

Punta Arena, Chile, Sept. 4.—After being marooned for four months behind the ice waters of the South Atlantic, the twenty-two members of the Antarctic expedition who were left behind on Elephant Island, have arrived here on the rescue ship Yelcho. All are in good health except one whose foot had been frozen.

A tremendous ovation was given the Yelcho. Ten thousand persons including the consular representatives of many countries, took part and the city was decorated with flags. The voyage of the Yelcho was made under great difficulties and dangers owing to floating ice fields and thick fog, and Sir Ernest today paid a high compliment to the courage of the master and crew of the rescue ship.

The rescued men are at the Royal Hotel where they are recovering rapidly from the hardships of their experience. When they arrived they were emaciated and dirty and their faces were covered with a thick growth of beard. Part of the time on Elephant Island they had to subsist on wolf flesh and penguins.

When the Yelcho came to anchor in the harbor on Sunday she was greeted by other ships in the harbor and Captain Pardo answered the salutes.

One of the first persons to go on board the Yelcho to extend his felicitations to Sir Ernest was Admiral Lopez of the Chilean navy. He was followed by representatives of the city, newspaper men and Red Cross workers for it was not known upon the arrival of the ship whether or not any of the rescued men were ill.

After the men had come ashore a great procession took place led by the Municipal Band which repeatedly played the English and Chilean anthems. Among those who took part were the Chilean governor, Sir Ernest Shackleton, Admiral Lopez, Captain Pardo, municipal officials, army and navy officials and members of the consular corps.

The marooned men were so joyfully surprised at the arrival of relief that they could not speak for a while after Sir Ernest had landed on Elephant Island in a small boat. No time was lost and an hour after Sir Ernest and a few seamen had put ashore on the ice-bound isle the men had all been transferred to the Yelcho which was ready to begin her return voyage.

The refugees had been living in ice caves and their supply of food had run so low they were compelled to live on the flesh of wolves and penguins that they killed.

The Yelcho had to proceed slowly and cautiously for the water was full of icebergs and the fog was so thick that collisions were narrowly avoided on more than one occasion.

The expedition made a number of valuable scientific discoveries, it was said.

Edward Gets 15 Days.

Edward McLaughlin of Port Jervis was arrested on Saturday evening on the Strand near Hasbrouck avenue for public intoxication and using profane language. The arrest was made by Policeman Boyd. Last October Edward got 10 days in jail for the same offense and this morning Recorder Lang sentenced Edward to 15 days in jail.

GRANGER DEFENDS LITTLE RED SCHOOL

Mr. Trueman Speaks up for the District School and its Real Though Not Showy Efficiency.

Ulster County Panama Grange held its regular meeting at Stone Ridge September 1 in the new Grange Hall. There was an unusually large attendance, made possible by the liberal use of autos which were parked around the hall and lined both sides of the street, giving the usually quiet village the aspect of a county fair. The presence of the state overman, Brother Manning, of Orange county added to the interest of the occasion and assisted materially in initiating a class of 25 candidates to the fifth degree in full form.

After all business was disposed of an open meeting was declared and put in charge of Brother Clarence Davis, lecturer, who had arranged a debate on the bill now before the assembly amending the education law making the township the unit in place of districts as at present.

Professor Marsh of Highland led the affirmative, assisted by Prof. Taylor of Marlborough.

W. Trueman of Lake Katrine led the negative, assisted by Brother McCormick of New Paltz.

It is safe to say that more real interest was shown in the discussion than has ever been seen at any previous meeting which was especially pleasing to the worthy lecturer who had worked so hard to bring this about. His closing remarks being that each one there could go home to their subordinate grange and discuss the matter with greater intelligence after having heard the various presentations of the subject.

Surprise was expressed on the part of the affirmative that one could be found to oppose this bill, yet both during the debate and afterward, the negative seemed to have the sympathy of the audience. Brother Trueman's presentation of this bill was in part as follows:

Shall the Little Red School House be sacrificed to the molech of modern efficiency?

Before answering this question I desire to give six reasons why it should not be. They are:

1st.—It is the outgrowth of community needs, and therefore must meet those needs nearer than anything imposed from the outside.

2nd.—It has stood the test of many years and has a long and creditable record.

3rd.—It recognizes the human equation and cares for the individuality of the pupil as no other system can.

4th.—It is the last defence of direct government by the people.

5th.—It has been in the past, is in places now, and should be all over the countryside in the future, the center of community interests.

6th.—It has a sentimental value that should be respected, made the most of and sacredly guarded.

As the ability to analyze all the subtleties of the apostles of efficiency is not given us all, these gentlemen are at the present time doing a land office business in what is commonly known as putting it over on all classes of the community, especially those whose duties in regard to securing daily bread render them incapable of spending the time watching the pitfalls laid by these self appointed benefactors.

Some of us have had experience, bitter experience, in the business world with these gentry, and now we are confronted with the same thing in the educational field. But always it is the same, a vast amount of glittering generalities, spacious promises and prophecies of dire disaster if we heed not their advice.

Thus we are told that our present system of rural schools is cumbersome and archaic in the extreme and should be scrapped as a worthless piece of machinery, to be replaced by a modern plan that has been passed through alembic after alembic until it is perfectly sublimated and is now presented without spot or wrinkle or any such thing. A perfect system, into which the pupils are put, the machinery started and lo, the finished product is at hand just as furniture comes out already French polished.

But there are those among us who have studied these matters, who know there is one thing this machine system misses, and that is the human equation, which has to do with individual character, and it is just here that the district school has proved its worth.

We all know that it is not education in itself that is the main object, but the use that is made of it, that counts, and we have yet to see that the product of the new system produces men and women of stronger character, or that those who do the world's work are honored and respected more by them. On the contrary, it is not a fact that our modern systems all have the effect of separating the pupils from honest toil; especially that of an agricultural nature.

To such a degree has this been carried in some of the much lauded high schools, the pupil who takes the business course is called a knacker by those who take the academic.

And it is for this we are asked to throw away our present district school and launch ourselves on the sea of efficiency.

The real strength of the supporters of this bill lies not in what they have to offer, attractive though they may be, but in the lack of incompetency and capacity of the present incumbents, who have failed so lamentably to rise to their opportunities or fulfill their duties. I have in mind a case where a boss of the dominant political party, of eminent



CADY LINCOLN WAS BORN IN HODGENSVILLE MEMORIAL. LINCOLN MEMORIAL PRESENTED TO GOVERNMENT TODAY. Hodgenville, Ky., Sept. 4.—Today the Lincoln Memorial here became the property of the United States government in a formal presentation and acceptance. The memorial is a handsome marble structure enclosing the original log cabin in which the martyred president was born.

respectability and clothed with religious sanctity, deliberately sacrificed one of his own lieutenants in favor of a man of the opposite party who was under financial obligation to him and anxious to get a near relative the position of teacher; the result being an unseemly squabble among the trustees and a neighborhood feud that lasted for years. I am informed on good authority that this is not an isolated case by any means; therefore it is small wonder our efficiency experts seize such material with which to build the structures so dear to their hearts.

While all this is true and much more of a like character, the question still remains: Is it wisdom to throw away what we have because of the incompetency of those who now administer it? Would not wisdom lie rather in the way of humbling ourselves for allowing matters to reach such a pass, get together and cast out those who have dishonored our little temples of learning by making them the homes of self seeking politicians of the meanest class, and in some cases dens of thieves? Thoroughly acquaint ourselves with the best thought of the day in regard to the needs of rural education, such as is outlined in Herbert Quick's book: 'The Brown Mouse.'

Then taking hold of the machinery we have at our disposal, put in operation a system such as he describes.

Either this will be done, or we must hand all over to the efficiency experts, for it is unthinkable that the present situation can continue a disgrace to those who administer it and a double disgrace to those who voted them in power.

In conclusion I desire to emphasize the fact that this is the last ditch in the fight for direct government. It's a long, long way from the old town meeting with its show of hands to a session of the legislature at Albany, and all along the road lay the wreck of government by the people themselves. We have delegated all to representatives, who, as soon as elected are beyond our reach and do practically as they please, and even turn on us and fight us in our efforts to secure the initiative and referendum. Shall we give up this last small link? Thus admitting our own lack of interest in that for which our fathers fought so nobly, or shall we rise in our might and shake off the miasma of lethargy that hangs so heavily over us, determined that the little red schoolhouse shall stay where it is to be administered in a way to meet the needs of the present and reflect honor on the efforts of those who have stood by its best interests in the past.

Drone by Trolley Car.

Bernard Kempner was arrested on Sunday by Policeman Dunn for running his automobile by a trolley car discharging passengers. Kempner left a deposit of \$5 for his appearance in court on Tuesday.

Theater Manager Fined.

Meyer Johnson, who said he was a theater manager, was arrested on Sunday by Policeman Shuler for driving his automobile on the left hand side of the street. He was fined \$4 by Recorder Lang.

RAILROAD WANTS LOWER ASSESSMENT

In order to protect its legal rights and maintain a consistent attitude, the New York Central Railroad Company has taken certain proceedings against the city of Kingston to review its school assessment, and on Saturday before Judge Hasbrouck, Amos Van Etten, counsel for the railroad, suggested that inasmuch as the assessment was the same as that now being heard before the Hon. George McClellan of Columbia county as referee, that it would be proper to refer the new proceeding also to him.

Mr. McClellan was appointed referee in the certain proceeding taken by the railroad company to review the general city assessment, and the present proceeding is taken to review the school assessment. The assessment for school purposes is the same as the assessment for general city purposes.

Corporation Counsel William D. Brinnier suggested that Mr. McClellan already had a big job on his hands. At the last hearing before the referee, he said, an adjournment had been taken so that the Ulster & Delaware Railroad Company could intervene as the proceeding had developed practically into a fight between the West Shore and the Ulster & Delaware, in which the city did not want to take a hand.

Mr. Van Etten said that while it was questionable whether the present proceeding was necessary since the assessments were the same for general city taxes and school taxes, the railroad had taken the proceeding as a matter of precaution and protection.

Judge Hasbrouck reserved decision.

A YOUTHFUL BURGLAR.

Boy From Bronx Said to be Thief by Rosendale Authorities.

Simon Schoonmaker, 15 years old, of the Bronx, who is visiting in this vicinity, was arrested on Sunday and turned over to the Rosendale authorities. The arrest was made by Policeman Boyd. It is claimed that Simon is the boy who broke into the store of Joseph Hartman at Hickory-bush and stole cigarettes and pipes. It is also claimed that on Thursday he robbed the house of Mrs. Hub at Hickory-bush and secured some clothing and \$10 in cash.

King on Real Estate.

Sheriff Shultis on Saturday levied on real estate owned by Joseph Favorino, near Tucker's Corners, in the town of Plattkill, and will sell the same at auction to satisfy a judgment against Favorino, the sale to take place at the court house on October 16 at 11 a. m. The property formerly formed a part of the John R. Hall farm.

Members of the Kingston C. T. U. are invited to attend the Prohibition picnic which will be held on the lawn of Dr. C. O. Sahler on Wednesday of this week beginning at 11:30 o'clock in the morning. The program of the day was printed in Saturday night's Freeman.

BRONY'S CURIOSITY LED TO HIS ARREST

Visited City Hall to See What Was Done With Crap Shooters, and Was Recognized as One of Gang—Ten Days in Jail.

A complaint from the Rev. Francis Lesniowski, of the Immaculate Conception Church on Delaware avenue that a gang of boys were shooting crap led the police to make a raid on the game on Saturday afternoon and Officers Walker and Phinney were sent to the scene and found the boys shooting behind Gallagher's saloon on Delaware avenue, near Jarrod street, and rounded up a number of the boys, who were notified to appear before Recorder Lang today.

This morning about fifty boys appeared at the hall out of curiosity to see what fate awaited the youthful crap shooters who had been arrested. Among the crowd was Brony Kosloskie of Murray street. He was recognized and a warrant issued for his arrest, and with the other crap shooters he was arraigned before Recorder Lang. Kosloskie pleaded not guilty and said he was not shooting crap. The other crap shooters said he was and Policeman Walker identified him as one of the crap shooters.

Recorder Lang sentenced Kosloskie to ten days in the county jail, and fined the other boys \$4 each and gave them one month in which to pay the fine at the rate of \$1 a week.

Kosloskie made threats as to what he would do to the boys who he said had "squealed" on him, when he was placed in the patrol wagon to be taken to the county hotel.

Kosloskie has been in trouble before with the police. He was mixed up in a fur robbery downtown a few years ago, and the police say he has been in other difficulties. He is 16 years old.

King Was Drunk.

Sunday morning Sergeant Hanley found James King drunk and asleep in a doorway on the Strand, near Sycamore street. This morning James was arraigned before Recorder Lang. His wife was present in court and said that James had been keeping straight since he was last arrested and that he had a steady job, and she asked the court to be lenient. Recorder Lang sentenced King to 15 days in jail and suspended sentence on condition that King keep straight.

He warned King if he came before him again he would surely go to jail.

NEW PALTZ MAN BUYS GRANT'S TOMB

Put up \$1,400 After Being Enticed on a River Steamer by Felix Rouss and Having "Desirable Property" Pointed out.

Wanted, \$1,400 and Felix Rouss or Grant's Tomb, Riverside Drive, New York city. Address William Cronk Elder, New Paltz, N. Y.

All of which means that William Cronk Elder, a farmer of New Paltz, N. Y., has been swindled, says the New York American this morning. There was an advertisement in an Albany newspaper which seemed rosy in the atmosphere of several cocktails on the Hudson steamer Berkshire.

The allurements of getting a lot for a little won the New Paltz farmer, but now he is mighty angry and is seeking the scalp of one Felix Rouss.

Elder, accompanied by an agency detective, marched into the office of R. M. Much, passenger manager for the line, yesterday afternoon and poured out a tale of woe that left Much gasping and wondering if Bar-nam had not understated the case—"one born a minute."

Offers Riverside Property.

According to the farmer, Rouss stated that he owned valuable property on Riverside Drive that he was forced to part with at an enormous sacrifice in order to meet interest due on other speculations.

A trip to New York was arranged and on the way down the Hudson river Rouss became a liberal host and insisted on paying for everything that Elder ate and drank.

Rouss painted the glories of the view from the Riverside property and almost wept when he recalled that he and his brothers and sisters used to play blind man's buff on the front lawn with their grandfather.

At seven o'clock yesterday morning they stood on the Berkshire deck and Rouss pointed out the property he was forced to dispose of. It looked so good to Elder that he promptly came over with \$1,400 (all the loose change he had), to clinch the deal and arranged to meet Rouss at an uptown hotel at noon.

Inspects his "Purchase."

The Berkshire docked at eight a. m. and in the meantime Elder gave birth to an idea. He decided to look at the property before closing the deal. He walked straight up to the great stone dwelling mentioned in the directory as situated at Riverside Drive and One Hundred and Twenty-fourth street and asked a policeman who lived there.

Then he "came too" and learned a little about American history. Rouss had told him the truth about the structure being of stone, steam heated, with electric lights and telephone, but the Albany real estate operator had "sold" him Grant's Tomb.

Elder and the detective searched every hotel in New York during the afternoon and evening and at midnight confessed their hunt had been futile.

TELEGRAPH CO. SETTLES SUIT

Brought by James Molyneux to Recover Penalty for Failing to Send Two Messages.

Because the Western Union Telegraph Company failed to send a couple of telegraph messages to his two brothers, telling of the death of another brother in this city a month ago, James Molyneux of Foxhall avenue brought an action in city court under the transportation law to recover \$100 penalty for the non-delivery of each message. Attorney N. Frank O'Reilly appeared for Molyneux and General Counsel O. E. Benedict for the telegraph company and the case is now announced as settled.

Mr. Molyneux claimed that he prepaid the messages, one going to a brother in Hoboken and another to a brother, a boatman, whose address is in South street, New York. Not getting any response he inquired at the local office of the company and informed that the messages had been sent. At the funeral the next day neither of the two brothers mentioned appeared. Later it developed they never received notice and upon inquiry it was found that the messages were never sent, having been overlooked, according to the complaint. The suit then followed with the result stated.

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GRIFFIN REBUKED LACK OF REVERENCE

Respect for Religion Was Enforced in His Family by Word and Deed—Plattkill Separation Suit Full of Thrilling Description of Family Life.

Militant Christianity and compulsory reverence for religion were carried to the extreme in the town of Plattkill when William C. Griffin remonstrated with his wife by striking her, as she claims, when she sprinkled salt over her potatoes and began to eat while her mother-in-law was asking a blessing before beginning the meal.

To offset the Christian spirit thus displayed, Griffin wrote a letter to his wife which would look like a telegraph alphabet if dashes should be substituted for profanity. It began: "I expect you to come home but I don't care a— what you do."

The Griffins were married at Burlington, Sullivan county, November 19, 1902, and have three children: two sons, aged 12 and 7 years, and a daughter aged 10 years. Margaret Griffin, the wife, brought a suit for separation against her husband, and he put in a counterclaim, also asking for a separation on the ground of abandonment. The case was tried before Judge Hasbrouck at the court house on Saturday. De Witt W. Ostrander appeared for the plaintiff and Caleb H. Baumes of Newburgh for the defendant.

Mrs. Griffin is sickly and while in the court room was attended constantly by two sisters. She looks pale and wan and is extremely thin. Nearly all the time she kept drinking from a glass containing aromatic spirits of ammonia. Her husband is big and broad-shouldered. Evidently both of the Griffins are quick-tempered.

Different stories were told by Griffin, his boy and mother from the stories of occurrences as related by Mrs. Griffin and her sisters. The first occurrence related by Mrs. Griffin related to an assault committed two years ago. Her husband, she said, was whipping their oldest boy, who pleaded with him to stop. The husband insisted that he would whip the boy until blood ran down his legs, and Mrs. Griffin said that when she interfered her husband knocked her down before she could do it.

Another instance of cruelty related by Mrs. Griffin occurred sometime afterward when Griffin's mother was visiting at their house. The father came in the room and seeing the oldest boy sitting on his grandmother's lap, told him: "Get off there, you little cuss," to which the boy replied: "I am not a little cuss." Whereupon, said Mrs. Griffin, her husband knocked the boy down twice, and when she remonstrated, her mother-in-law called her a name. The name is not one that forms part of the vocabulary of ladies and gentlemen. This story was denied by Griffin, his mother and the boy.

On the Saturday following Christmas last year, Mrs. Griffin said her husband knocked against her, and she fell against a door. Later she developed an abscess as the result of the blow and was treated by Dr. J. M. Bowman of Wallkill. The husband denied the assault and Dr. Bowman said Mrs. Griffin told him she did not know the cause of the abscess. Judge Hasbrouck said that while he had not studied medicine, as a matter of practical common sense he did not see how the abscess could have formed from the fall described by Mrs. Griffin.

The letter written by Griffin to his wife was the most ornate piece of written profanity produced in court in Ulster county for many years. It began in the manner stated above, and in it Griffin told his wife: "You are an full of deceit as a dog is of fleas," and that "You've got no more use for me than your mother has for your father, and what is bred in the bone is hard to get out."

The prayer that Mrs. Griffin said led to an assault on her was at the Griffin home about a year ago. Mrs. Griffin said she had sprinkled salt on her potatoes when her mother-in-law began praying, and that Griffin told her: "If you ever do that again, I'll knock you so cold you'll never get up again."

The version given by Griffin of the last occurrence was that his mother always asked a blessing at meal-time when she was at the house, and he merely told his wife that she ought to have respect enough for a blessing, not to eat until it was finished, to which she had replied that he could go to— Then he told her that if she did not have any respect for the blessing, she ought to eat in the kitchen until it was finished, and led her there, and again she had repeated her advice as to his future whereabouts.

Both Charles Griffin, the son, and Mrs. Sarah M. Griffin, Griffin's mother, corroborated the testimony regarding the blessing occurrence. They said Griffin placed his arms around his wife and walked with her to the kitchen. They were in the kitchen about ten seconds and the boy said that his mother reached the table before her husband after she had gone there.

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DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS—Father Is a Little Too Excitable. That's All

BY F. LEIPZIGER

THE lowliest worker in the world today has a greater reason to be at peace with the world and with himself than has the entire tribe of rich idlers. He at least is self-sustaining. He EARNs all he receives, and some kindly day, when the spirit of service dawns alike on his fellowmen, then will he also RECEIVE what he earns.

Half Stock Ale

You will find a product in which its makers have been useful

PETER BARMANN

OFFICE TELEPHONE CALL 66

KINGSTON

STREET GOSSIP ABOUT TOWN

If you are satisfied with your job you are getting nine-tenths out of the joy of life.

Next to seeing a woman with a painted face what disgusts us most is a man with a bang and a wrist watch.

While there are plenty of men who will give another a shove down there are but mighty few who will give him a boost up the ladder of life says Constant Reader.

English as she is—As we walked down the street today we heard a charming young miss addressing another equally charming say "She is always talking in an offcast manner about congering up something new to do."

An auto tale that ought to be told—Once upon a time there was a certain man who decided that all he needed to make him happy was an automobile. So he went to a garage where machines were sold and informed the man that he wanted to buy one. He took the machine home, but failed to pay for it saying he would want to give it a trial spin before he parted with the cold cash. He did give it a trial spin. In fact he gave it many a trial spin, and days lengthened into days and he went not near the garage man to fork over the dough. Then it happened that the garage man met the man who wanted to own an auto at a road house and he hung a shanty on one of his eyes and an apartment house on the other and also beat him up some more. Then the garage man left the man who wanted to own an auto behind him towed back the auto behind his own machine and took it back to the garage. Thus ended chapter one.

Would hardly work here—We were talking with a man who has returned from France recently and as we talked we drifted around to the subject of landlord and tenant, and our friend said that in Paris they had a scheme which he would like to see adopted over here. In Paris he found that when a tenant decided to move around the first of April or other dates on which families generally seek other apartments that the tenant had to notify the landlord of his intention a certain number of days before he vacated the apartments. Then the landlord came around and looked over the rooms and addressing the tenant would say "will you please see that this wall paper is repaired and these windows washed and make some repairs to this room and that room." In fact before the tenant left the apartments he would have to place them in as good condition as when he moved in them. If he failed to do so and went seeking other apartments the owner would ask him to show him a paper showing repairs had been made to his former apartments. If he did not have such a paper from his former landlord the tenant was unable to get rooms. In case he was successful the former landlord could have the rooms repaired and then secure a judgment in the courts against the tenant and if the tenant could not pay the landlord would seize the furniture. Our friend said that he owned apartments houses and he would like nothing better than to see the landlords of this country get together and agree to practice the scheme adopted in Paris.

It is a fortunate thing for the sea monster that he has the Hudson river to swim in for if he was in the Kingston reservoir the water board would undoubtedly figure out some way to tax him for the use of the city water.

Do Not Meddle With Your Ears. Whatever plausible reasons laymen may have for treating some diseases, they should not meddle with the ear. It is a very sensitive and delicate organ, peculiarly liable to serious injury through the manipulations of men and women ignorant of its anatomy, functions and pathology. Judicious treatment is most important, but it is better to let ear troubles alone than to seek the aid of Aunt Samantha or take the advice of some officious neighbor.

Superstitions of Royalty. Caesar, Napoleon, Bismarck and others were not above the superstition of "lucky" and "unlucky" days. Thursday was the "unlucky" day of Henry VIII. of his son, Edward, and of his daughter, Mary and Elizabeth. It is strange that they should have all died upon this day.

PORT EWEN.

Port Ewen, Sept. 4.—Port Ewen Lodge, No. 656, I. O. O. F., will meet this evening at 8 o'clock in their rooms in Pythian Hall.

The regular monthly meeting of the official board of the Methodist Episcopal Church will be held Wednesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

Theodore Kneth of Kingston spent Sunday with his parents on Stout avenue.

The communion service in the Methodist Church Sunday morning was very impressive. Rev. Eugene A. Bockhout, the pastor, was ably assisted by Rev. Harry Thompson of Harkersfield.

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Church will be held in the chapel Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Mrs. Alice Van Aken of Kingston was the guest of Mrs. Martin Van Keuren on Broadway Sunday.

Rev. Harry Thompson of Harkersfield, N. Y., preached a very powerful sermon Sunday evening in the Methodist Church from these words: "Where is Liberty?" 2nd Cor. 3:1. Among his many sayings were speak a kind word every day and also do a kind act.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist Church will hold their annual fair December 5 and 6, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings, and November 21 and 22, as previously announced.

OUR DAILY PATTERN.



1723.—A Neat and Practical Model. This attractive style will at once appeal to the careful housekeeper. The model has several good features. It completely envelops the dress, and has simple, practical lines. The pockets may be omitted. The pattern is cut in 3 sizes: Small, medium and large. It is nice for a bedroom, chamber, lawn, percale, alpaca and saten. The medium size will require 5 1/2 yards of 36-inch material.

A pattern of this illustration mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps by the Pattern Department, The Freeman, Rondout, N. Y. Be sure to state the size wanted.

Catalogue Notice. Send 10 cents in silver or stamps for our up-to-date 1916 large Fall and Winter Catalogue, containing over 400 designs of Ladies', Misses' and Children's Patterns, as well as the latest Embroidery Designs, also a concise and comprehensive article on dressmaking, giving valuable hints to the home dressmaker.

A Complete Manual in Crochet and Tatting!

Just what you will want when you get our instruction book. Our Crochet and Tatting book contains more than 50 new and easy-to-understand designs such as handkerchiefs, scarves, doilies, cloths, towel ends, interlocking edgings, yokes for corsets, etc., each given, and a variety of other designs for baby wear, etc. Before each article illustrated in our instruction book will be found a complete list of materials required, together with a detailed description of each article. This book will be sent upon receipt of 25 cents in stamps or silver. Write your name and address plainly and address your letter to the Pattern Dept., Freeman Publishing Co., Kingston, N. Y.

The KITCHEN CABINET

Nothing is impossible, there are ways which lead to everything, and if we had sufficient will, we should always have sufficient means.—La Rochefoucauld.

SEASONABLE DISHES.

A delicious dessert of peaches is made by pouring over cut-up ripe

peaches one cupful of orange juice and a half cupful of lemon juice. On top sprinkle with chopped pineapple and with powdered sugar.

Peach Sherbet.—Pare and quarter enough ripe peaches to make a quart. Add to a quart of water the rind of one lemon and two tablespoonsful of granulated sugar, stir until dissolved; add the peaches, cook until tender, press through a sieve and set aside to cool. When cool add the juice of one lemon and freeze the same as any ice cream. Beat the white of an egg very stiff, remove the dasher, and stir in the egg. Repeat and set aside to ripen several hours.

Grape Sherbet.—Make a syrup by boiling two cupfuls of water and one of sugar 15 minutes. Add one cupful of grape juice and one cupful of orange juice and two tablespoonsful of lemon juice. Cool, strain and freeze; remove the dasher and beat in two well-beaten egg whites, then set to ripen.

Melon Sherbet.—Cut the edible portion of a muskmelon in cubes. To a quart of water add a pound of sugar and boil for ten minutes, then add a teaspoonful of gelatin, softened in two tablespoonsful of cold water; strain into the freezer and when cool add the juice of one lemon and freeze, serve with the melon cubes as a garnish or the sherbet may be served in melon cups.

Green Corn Cakes.—Take one quart of green corn, cut from the cob, or grated and pressed from the hulls; two cupfuls of milk, one cupful of flour, two well-beaten eggs, salt and pepper to taste and a tablespoonful of olive oil or melted butter. Bake on a hot gridle.

Parsnips boiled and dipped in molasses before frying will be found to be most tasty. Mashed and seasoned and dipped in a fritter batter, then fried in deep fat will be another acceptable way to serve them.

Quinces may be kept for weeks in a cool dry place and be used as needed for preserves, baking or for puddings.

Nellie Maxwell

DON'T APOLOGIZE FOR YOUR BATHROOM

You can get an up to date bathroom at a moderate price, and as we install "Standard" fixtures it will be durable as well. There is always a correct fixture for every bathroom, a suitable one for every taste.



A modern bathroom with which you may well be satisfied is what you get when we do the work.

L. F. BANNON & CO.,
16-18 Hasbrouck Ave.
Kingston, N. Y.

NOTICE

The American National Bank, located at Brown's Station, in the state of New York is closing its affairs. All note-holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present their notes and other claims for payment.

Don't Throw It Away-- Have It Replated! ELECTRO PLATING

Gold, Silver or Nickel. Brass Plating, Brooming, Lacquering, Japanning!

We make a specialty of Restoring Antiques, Repairing and Replating Silverware. Save labor by having the metal parts on your Auto Nickel Plated.

Prices Reasonable Work Guaranteed

The W. G. Browne Manufacturing Co.

Phone 316-J Kingston, New York

Central Hudson STEAMBOAT COMPANY

SOUTH BOUND FOR NEW YORK

Week days except Saturday at 5 p. m. Saturdays, 11 a. m. Sundays at 7 a. m. and 6 p. m.

NORTH BOUND FOR KINGSTON

Week days Saturday's excepted from Pier 24 N. R. foot Franklin street at 4 p. m. West 129th street at 4:30 p. m. Saturday's at 1 p. m. West 129th street 1:30 p. m.

NEWBURGH, ALBANY AND TROY LINE

Daily except Sundays. North bound at 10:30 a. m. South bound at 2:15 p. m.

Tel. 158 J. F. STEED, Agent.

TIME TABLE FERRYBOAT TRANSPORT

In effect Sunday, June 25, 1916.

Leaves Kingston.—6:30, 7:40, 9:00, 9:45, 10:30, 11:25 a. m. 12:15, 1:30, 2:05, 2:40, 3:15, 3:50, 4:25, 5:00, 5:35, 6:15, 6:50 p. m.

Leaves Rhinecliff.—7:15, 8:10, 9:30, 10:00, 11:55 a. m. 12 m. 12:30, 1:10, 1:45, 2:20, 2:55, 3:30, 4:05, 4:40, 5:15, 5:55, 6:30, 7:05 p. m.

On July 4 and September 4, the ferry will make the following extra trips:

Leaves Kingston.—7:30, 8:20 and 9:00 p. m.

Leaves Rhinecliff.—7:50, 8:40 and 9:35 p. m.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE

Magnificent Steamers "Washington Irving," "Hendrick Hudson," "Robert Fulton," and "Albany."

Daily Except Sunday

Down stream leaves Kingston Point, 12:25 P. M. Returns to Kingston, 1:45 P. M. Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M. West and St. 2:00 P. M. West 129th St. 2:20 P. M. arriving at Kingston Point, 2:10 P. M.

Motel Restaurant

Morning Boat for New York

Daily Except Sunday

Leaves Kingston, (Rondout) 7:00 A. M. Returns, Leaves Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M. West and St. 2:00 P. M. West 129th St. 2:20 P. M. arriving at Kingston, (Rondout) 7:40 P. M.

Delightful outing can be made to Bear Mountain Park on the morning boat.

THE ULSTER & DELAWARE RAILROAD

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JUNE 25, 1916

Trains are due to leave this city as follows:

Kingston Point, 12:15 p. m. Rondout Sta., 12:25, 12:50 a. m. Union Sta., 12:50, 1:30 a. m. 2:10, 2:15, 12:40, 14:00, 16:40 p. m.

Trains are due to arrive as follows:

Union Sta., 12:50, 1:15, 1:35 a. m. 1:05, 1:15, 1:45, 5:15, 17:19, 17:28, 18:45 p. m. Rondout Sta., 11:55 a. m.; 17:40, 17:45 p. m. Kingston Point, 12:00 noon.

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

N. A. SINK, General Passenger Agent.

W. H. CONNELLY, M.D.

Physician, Surgeon and Specialist. Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. FAIR ST. KINGSTON, N. Y. Office Hours—9:30 a. m. until 12 m. Telephone 327-2.

ULSTER COUNTY Savings Institution

280 Wall Street, Kingston, N. Y. INCORPORATED 1851.

E. H. LOUGHRAN, President. HARRY BRIGHAM, Vice-President. J. M. SCHAEFFER, Secretary. JOHN B. ALLIGER, Treasurer. JAMES J. O'CONNOR, Teller. JOHN R. T. HALL, Bookkeeper. PHILIP ELTING, Attorney.

TRUSTEES:

John B. Alliger, G. D. B. Hasbrouck, H. R. Brigham, E. H. Loughran, David Burgevin, John L. McGrath, Howard Chipp, J. M. Schaeffer, Philip Elting, William C. Shafer, George Hutton, C. S. Wood, Ogden F. Winne.

For the six months ending June 30th, 1916, interest will be credited July 1st, 1916, at 4 per cent per annum.

Interest not drawn will be added to the principal and draw interest.

Money deposited on or before Oct. 3rd and remaining in the bank until January 1st, 1917, will be credited with three (3) months' interest.

Women and children under age have by law the control of their own saving bank accounts.

Persons living out of the city may send money by bank draft, check, post office order or express, and deposit book will be returned by mail.

ALL BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

Kingston Savings Bank

373 Wall street, Kingston, N. Y. CHARTERED 1874.

OFFICERS

MYRON TELLER, President. GEORGE BURGEVIN, V. B. VAN WAGONEN, Vice-Presidents. CHARLES TAPPEN, Treasurer. CHARLES H. DE LAVERGNE, Assistant Treasurer. HARRY ENSIGN, Accountant. JAMES A. BETTS, Counsel.

TRUSTEES

James A. Betts, George Burgevin, Zedoc P. Bole, Levan S. Winne, Everett Fowler, D. N. Mathews, John E. Kraft, Sam Bernstein, Charles Tappen, A. D. Rose, Myron Teller, Virgil B. Van Wagonen, John J. Campbell.

Deposits made on or before Oct. 3, 1916, and remaining in bank until January 1, 1917, will be credited with three (3) months' interest.

Interest will be paid on all sums from one dollar to three thousand dollars.

Accounts may be opened by mail for which a bank book will be forwarded on receipt of New York draft, certified check, postoffice or express money order.

Rooms for the convenience of ladies are a feature of the banking house.

Interest at the rate of 4% per annum was declared for six months ending June 30, 1916.

THE RONDOUT Savings Bank

RONDOUT, N. Y.

OFFICERS:

J. E. DERRENBACHER, President. F. C. COYNE, Vice-President. F. H. ORTHERHOOD, Secretary. DAYTON MURRAY, Treasurer.

TRUSTEES:

John D. Schoonmaker, E. Coyne, John F. Simpson, John A. Theissen, A. A. Sisk, F. H. Orttherhood, H. H. Fleming, J. Graham, R. H. L. Osterhoudt.

Interest will be paid on all sums from \$5 to \$1000.

Interest at the rate of 4 per cent per annum was declared for six months ending June 30, 1916.

Interest credited semi-annually, January and July.

FULLER'S SHIRT FACTORY

REQUIRES

Experienced Operators

ON ALL PARTS ON SHIRTS.



Geo. Hauck & Sons' Brewing Co.

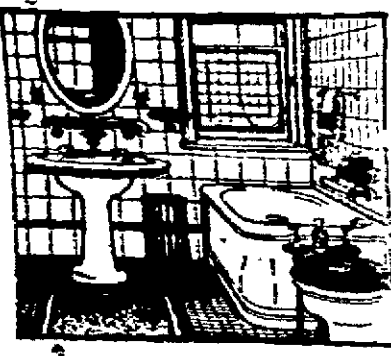
THE LABEL ON THE BOTTLE

is what tells the story, you don't have to look farther. Our beer is appreciated most by those who base their choice upon merit, and know it when they find it. The man who has found our beer, always demands it, he will never take a substitute, because no other will suit him quite as well. Be sure the label on your bottle bears the name of Red Monogram.

Announcement of Removal MARKS JACOBS, Merchant Tailor

Has removed to 6 Broadway, First National Bank Building. Phone 329-J

SUITS \$25.00 AND UP



A MODERN BATH ROOM

Adds to your Comfort, Convenience and Health

Why not have fixtures installed before the rush comes on?

Plumbing, Heating and Sheet Metal Work, Strand and Ferry Street, Rondout, N. Y.

CANFIELD STOVE CO.,

BISHOP TESTS AGST THEATER

Writes Letter to Common Council
Urging Action for St. John's
Church—Opposes of Uptown
Church in Protest.

At the morning service at St. John's Episcopal Church, the Rev. Mr. Larnge officiating clergyman, read the following communication from the top of the diocese with the in the of which St. John's Church stated. All men of the diocese as well as the vestrymen of church were urged to attend the meeting of the common council held Tuesday evening, at which time the petition will be presented to the common council asking an ordinance protecting all church property in this city, and at which time the letter from Bishop Greer, to the common council through the vestry and read for the support of instruction of the congregation Sunday, will be read. This is letter:

Dio. of New York
St. House
E. Corner Amsterdam avenue and 110th street,
August 29th, 1916.

To Honorable Common Council
City of Kingston:

I recently come to my notice that is proposed to erect, or to be erected, a theater building, immediately proximately to St. John's Episcopal Church in the city of Kingston.

As one who is not a resident of your city it would be impossible for me to make or offer any suggestion with regard to such a building were it not for the fact that St. John's is a church within the limits of the diocese of New York, in whose welfare I am not uninterested. I must therefore that you will not consider me as doing anything ultra vires in making a very respectful but very strong protest against the erection of such a building in the site proposed. I also ask you to remember that while a church is primarily a religious institution it is also a civic force or factor in the community, contributing in many ways to its civic and social uplift, and the erection of a building which tends to impair or impair the usefulness of a church is not in the interest of good citizenship.

In making this remonstrance I do not forget that the theater has its place in the community as well as the church, but it is not the same place and the influence which its exerts is not the same influence, and things which are different should be kept distinct.

For these reasons therefore, and others which will doubtless occur to you, I appeal to your honorable body not to permit a theater to be erected in immediate proximity to St. John's Episcopal Church.

I have the honor to remain,
Very truly yours,
(Signed) DAVID H. OGDEN
Bishop of New York

It is only within the past two or three days, since the return of the actors from vacations, that The Freeman has been able to learn the attitude of the other churches regarding this matter. On Monday evening July 24, The Freeman published the first statement regarding the proposed theater, the article reading as follows: "That modern playhouse of which Kingston has so long been talking may be built by a syndicate of uptown business men, headed by George Cohen, a successful builder and proprietor of theaters in Newburgh, Poughkeepsie and other cities. Opinions have been secured on two Wall street sites, one on each side of John street, with odds favoring the location of the building proper on the vacant lots in the rear of the Wolven store which would be used for an entrance" etc.

On the Tuesday of the following week, the day on which the common council met for the month of August, The Freeman published the statement for the first time that the Wolven property and that in the adjacent rear had been decided upon. No protest could therefore be officially made to the common council and the meeting tomorrow evening. Furthermore St. John's Church has not only been without a regular service, but during the month of August it had been announced, according to custom that the church would be closed. At the same time practically all of the clergymen of the other churches were away on their vacations.

Since their return a representative of The Freeman has interviewed the Rev. Dr. T. L. Lott, pastor of the First Reformed Church; the Rev. Frank B. Seeley pastor of the Fair Street Reformed Church; the Rev. Father Brindley, rector of St. Joseph's Church; the Rev. T. H. Parvaneh, pastor of St. James's V. E. Church; the Rev. George M. Carson, pastor of the Clinton Avenue V. E. Church; and the Rev. R. C. Dodds, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church. It has been impossible to get an interview with the Rev. Arthur S. Cole of the Baptist Church who is evidently out of town today. Each of the above mentioned clergymen expressed himself as heartily supporting the action of St. John's Episcopal Church in petitioning the common council to pass an ordinance protecting all church property from the encroachment of a theater near to church property than 200 feet. Furthermore every one of the pastors was emphatic in stating that they would not consider a theater should be placed next to the church property in which they were interested as would be the proposed theater be placed next to St. John's Church.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

AUCTION SALE.

Household furniture almost new. Tuesday, September 5, at ELMER PAULSEN's sales stable, 632-634 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.

REXUS FAMILY JARS

Each Charges the Other With Cruelty and Other Things.

A motion for alimony and counsel fee in the action for separation brought by Mrs. Remus against William Remus was made before Judge Hasbrouck at Saturday's special term of the supreme court. Mayor Canfield appeared for Mrs. Remus and the motion; Milton O. Auchmoody appeared for Remus and opposed.

The ground for the action is cruel and inhuman treatment. Mayor Canfield said that Remus earns from \$12 to \$15 a week, and he asked an allowance of \$100 for himself and \$6 a week for Mrs. Remus.

Remus counterclaims to his wife's suit with a claim for divorce. Mr. Auchmoody, on his behalf, said that the couple had been married when very young and lived together until early last spring. Remus is a shirt cutter and claims he earns only \$8 a week. He alleges that Mrs. Remus attacked him, tore his clothes and beat him until she drew blood. Last spring, he alleges, she staid away from home all night and when she returned home the following morning she told her husband it was none of his business where she had been the night before.

When both parties consulted a lawyer, he advised them to bury the hatchet, but they afterward disagreed and she notified her husband to get their child. Afterwards she took the child away. Mr. Auchmoody said the couple were not in a financial position to afford a law suit. In support of Remus's allegation of his wife's infidelity he produced an affidavit of Mrs. Jane Beck, whom Mayor Canfield described as a woman who lived a short distance beyond the Kingston bridge and who was intoxicated most of the time.

Judge Hasbrouck allowed \$500 counsel fee and \$4 a week alimony.

Mrs. McCarthy Granted a Separation.

The suit for separation brought by Helena McCarthy against Eugene F. McCarthy was tried. The plaintiff resides with her mother in this city; the husband is employed in New York city. They were married in this city September 27, 1903, and separated finally on April 18, 1914. Before that time they had separated for several months because Mr. McCarthy came home drunk and abused his wife, whom he threatened with a bread knife. He earns \$36 a week.

Judge Hasbrouck granted a separation and directed that a decree be prepared. He allowed Mrs. McCarthy \$60 a month alimony for the support of herself and her child, and allowed \$100 counsel fee to Frederick Stephan, Jr., who appeared for Mrs. McCarthy. McCarthy made no appearance.

SUIT ON BAMBOO CONTRACT.

Motion to Change Place of Trial to New York County.

A motion to change the place of trial from Ulster county to New York county in the suit brought by J. F. Herbert of this city against the Otto Gerdau Company of New York city, was made before Judge Hasbrouck at the special term of the supreme court on Saturday. The action is for breach of contract. Mr. Herbert claiming that the defendant company broke its contract to supply him with split bamboo which was to be used in the manufacture of brushes and the balance of the bamboo to be sold to various firms and others in New York city.

Judge Hasbrouck at first doubted his eligibility to pass on the motion because Mrs. Hasbrouck was the owner of stock in the Herbert Brush Company which he had presented to her, until the attorneys in the case informed him that the suit was brought by Mr. Herbert personally and the brush company was not interested. Decision was reserved. Ehlertman, Hale & Wright of New York city appeared for the Gerdau Company and the motion; Amos Van Elten appeared for Mr. Herbert and opposed.

They Skipped Josephine.

When the Supreme Lodge, Knights and Ladies of Honor, refused to pay the death benefit provided for in the policy of insurance issued on the life of J. Philip Stapf of Albany, claims against the order for the amount of the policy were filed by Anna S. Schleifer, who claimed the money by an assignment of the policy in her favor, and by heirs of Mr. Stapf. The Supreme Lodge commenced an action some months afterward against J. Philip Stapf, Anna S. Schleifer and others, and on Saturday made a motion before Judge Hasbrouck at the special term of the supreme court held at the court house for an order to serve a supplemental summons and complaint. Among the heirs of the decedent are Josephine Stapf and Joseph Stapf, but the similarity of names resulted in the name of Joseph being included in the list of defendants but not that of Josephine. The Supreme Lodge desires to add Josephine's name. The lodge claims it is willing to pay the money into court but both sets of defendants object, and the lodge is not willing to make such payment unless it is assured it will not have to pay the money twice. Judge Hasbrouck reserved decision. Donald C. Muhleman of New York city appeared for the Supreme Lodge and the motion; Daniel H. Prior of Albany appeared for Anna S. Schleifer, and opposed, and C. Bertrand Race of Albany appeared for the other defendants in opposition.

Sheriff Will Sell Candy.

The stock and fixtures of Theodore Pappas will be sold by Sheriff Shultis at auction at the Pappas store, No. 522 Broadway, on Tuesday morning at ten o'clock, to satisfy judgments obtained against the owner. There is a large amount of candy to be sold, and the fixtures include a soda water fountain and combination ice cream machine and motor.

Can Be Cured.

Mean thinking is a habit with some of us and it can be cured just as any other bad habit can. Good time to begin, about now.

PRESIDENT SIGNS EIGHT HOUR LAW

The text of the act of Congress to prevent the threatened strike of railroad trainmen, which became a law through President Wilson's approval Sunday, is as follows:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, that:

Section One.—Beginning Jan. 1, 1917, eight hours shall, in contracts for labor and service, be deemed a day's work, and the measure or standard of a day's work for the purpose of reckoning the compensation of all employees who are now or may hereafter be employed by any common carrier by railroad, except railroads independently owned and operated, not exceeding 100 miles in length, electric street railroads, and electric interurban railroads, which are subject to the provisions of the act of Feb. 4, 1887, entitled "An Act to Regulate Commerce," as amended, and who are now or may hereafter be actually engaged in any capacity in the operation of trains used for the transportation of persons or property on railroads, except railroads independently owned or operated, not exceeding 100 miles in length, electric street railway, and electric interurban railroads from any state or territory in the United States or the District of Columbia, to any other state or territory of the United States or the District of Columbia, or from one place in a territory to another place in the same territory, or from any place in the United States to an adjacent foreign country, or from any place in the United States through a foreign country to any other place in the United States.

Provided, That the above exceptions shall not apply to railroads through less than 100 miles in length whose principal business is leasing or furnishing terminal or transfer facilities to other railroads, or are themselves engaged in transfers of freight between railroads or between railroads and industrial plants.

Section Two.—That the president shall appoint a commission, three members of which shall observe the operation and effects of the institution of the eight-hour standard work day as above defined and the facts and conditions affecting the relations between such common carriers and employees during a period of not less than six months nor more than nine months, in the discretion of the commission, and within thirty days thereafter such commission shall report its findings to the president and congress, that each member of the commission created under the provisions of this act shall receive such compensation as may be fixed by the president. That the sum of \$25,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be and hereby is appropriated, out of any money in the United States Treasury not otherwise appropriated, for the necessary and proper expenses incurred in connection with the work of such commission, including salaries, per diem, traveling expenses of members and employees and rent, furniture, office fixtures and supplies, books, salaries, and other necessary expenses, the same to be approved by the chairman of said commission and audited by the proper accounting officers of the treasury.

Section Three.—That pending the report of the commission herein provided for and for a period of thirty days thereafter the compensation of railway employees subject to this act for a standard eight-hour work day shall not be reduced below the present standard day's wage, and for all necessary time in excess of eight hours such employees shall be paid at a rate not less than the pro rata rate for such standard eight-hour work day.

Section Four.—That any person violating any provision of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than \$100, and not more than \$1,000, or imprisoned not to exceed one year, or both.



JOE JACKSON.

"SHOELESS" JOE JACKSON STILL BATTING THEM OUT.

Right up among the leaders with the old wiffow war club is the famous "Shoeless" Joe Jackson of the Chicago White Sox, who is giving Tris Speaker and Ty Cobb a hard run for first honors with the bat. Jackson is hitting above .350 and in a recent game against the Athletics got a homer, a triple and a single out of four times at bat.

Fels from Blinewater.

Three famous piscatorial artists of this city, I. Bush, W. Bush and A. Woods, went on a fishing trip to Blinewater lake Sunday. They brought home a goodly supply of eels to supply their friends with a Labor Day dinner. As no tralms came in at 5 o'clock this morning, they had to "bake it" to this city. They say it was rather cold last night, but they had plenty of warm bait along.

WEEKLY DRILL RESUMED.

Company M Will Return to Regular Schedule Thursday Evening.

Lieutenant R. C. Dittus, commanding Company M, has received an order from regimental headquarters, to resume the regular weekly drill of the local military company. The members of the command were returned with the company from Camp Whitman, will be notified to report at the armory Thursday evening of this week. Thereafter the drills will be held on Tuesday evenings and indoor rifle practice on Thursday evenings. Non-commissioned officers' school will be held immediately after each drill, with Lieutenant Dittus and Lieutenant Cashin, as instructors.

Along with the order to resume drilling came an order to Lieutenant Dittus to pack all overcoats, and hold same in readiness for shipment, pending instructions. Whether this part of the uniform will be replaced by new, or be shipped to the border for the troops there could not be ascertained. It is probable, however, that the members of Company M will be issued the regulation army sweater to replace the overcoats.

RILEY WAS SENSITIVE.

Why He Stopped Reading One of His Poems in Public.

"As an illustration of Riley's sensitive nature," said Melville E. Stone, "Jim and I went alone to the theater to see Sol Smith Russell, who also belonged to the Saints and Sinners' Corner. He was playing 'The Poor Relation.' In the play was a scene where Russell took a young boy and put him in a barrel while he removed his trousers to mend them. The audience roared with laughter at the comic situation. Next to me in the box sat James Whitcomb Riley, sobbing as if his heart would break. He saw no humor in the play of the little boy. To him it was pathetic.

"He, like Eugene Field, was devoted to children. He loved them, but he loved them artistically. I am not sure that personally—that is, mind you, handing to a man's control—they either of them wanted children around. They lacked the patience necessary for daily contact with children. Riley and Field could write heartbreaking verse in respect of children and put into them an intimate amount of human sympathy, but so far as I know this was at arm's length from the youngsters themselves, especially in Field's case. Riley was ever exceedingly sympathetic. One evening Jim was reciting his poem, 'A Happy Little Child,' before a large audience. He had scarcely begun the lines—

"'Tis that a little crippled boy, an' never goin' to grow
An' get a great big man at all, 'cause army told me so.
When I was that a baby once I failed out of the bed
An' got the carriage of the spine—'at's what the doctor said—



RUSSIAN GENERAL STAFF AT SALONICA.

Here is the first picture to reach this country of the officers commanding the Russian troops recently landed at Salonica to aid the Allies in the Balkan campaign.

These are all members of the Russian general staff. Their names were deleted by the censor.

He resolved never to write that poem in public again."—New York Post.

GUIDE YOUR BOY NOW.

Keep Him on the Road That Leads to the Highest Citizenship.

This is a good time to think of your boy. If you do not look after him in the right way some one will do it in the wrong way. Begin now.

Teach your boy to follow in the footsteps of his father, to respect the law, to obey his parents, to regard the rights of all men, to honor virtue, to respect womanhood and to depend upon no one but himself for his advancement.

Teach him that the Golden Rule of life will be found in the Ten Commandments. They are short. They have satisfied the ages. They stand today unchallenged and unaltered.

They compare the first great written law given by God to man. Before these few commandments all man made laws fade into insignificance. Teach them to your boy. There is danger ahead if you do not.

The universal drift of mankind is toward degeneracy. Hereby pays his premium and also exacts his discount. The son of a good father and an affectionate mother, brought up in an atmosphere of parental regard, never will disgrace the family.

The boys of today are to be the men



STOP — LOOK — LISTEN



There's danger ahead for the motorist who is misled by a name.

Some dealers who are selling inferior gasoline try to make the motorist believe he is getting SOCONY Gasoline by giving their own product deceptive names and descriptions. Do

not be misled.

The gasoline produced and sold by this Company is called SOCONY Motor Gasoline, and nothing else.

Ask for it by name. It gives most power, most mileage and least carbon trouble.

Sold wherever you see the RED, WHITE and BLUE SOCONY sign

STANDARD OIL CO. of NEW YORK

Old Fashioned.

They were coming back from the picnic. "We used to sing an old-fashioned song," remarked grandma, "about a one-horse open sleigh." Granddaughter was visibly puzzled. "Don't you mean a one-cylinder car?" Inquired she.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.

Meltzer on Infantile Paralysis. Dr. S. J. Meltzer of the Rockefeller Institute in a recent address in New York before a body of physicians recommended as a possible cure for infantile paralysis the use of intraspinal injections of adrenalin. He said: "On the basis of experiments conducted by our researchers I would advocate the treatment of all cases of infantile paralysis by intraspinal injections of a solution of adrenalin. Clinical experiments conducted at the Institute by Dr. Clark and myself on monkeys artificially infected with infantile paralysis have produced encouraging results."

Just in Time.

Late Business Man—"You book agents make me so angry with your confounded nerve and impudence that I cannot find words to express my feelings." Agent—"Then I am the very man you want. I am selling dictionaries."

Kingston Daily Freeman.

TERMS:
Per Annum in Advance..... \$2.00
Per Month..... .25
The Cash in Advance.

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KINGSTON, N. Y., SEPT. 4, 1916.

Peace-at-any-price has won a joint victory with the railroad brotherhoods in their agitation for higher pay, for themselves. As bluffers the railroad men proved themselves superior to the Wilson administration, which so abjectly acceded to the demand for shorter hours and higher pay for this class of workers and then "passed the buck" to Congress. The parody on constitutional government presented in the rush of Senate and House to meet the demands of the welders of the strike club is most disturbing. The precedent thus established must rise to plague this country again and again until as a last resort government ownership of some equally desperate remedy may be prescribed for the disease whose progress the quacks at Washington have so materially aided. That public opinion would have stood with these men in their strike is unthinkable. A light on the disposition of these brotherhood leaders was thrown by their concession to public opinion when they cancelled the strike order before the new bill went to the President for his signature. It had been planned to hold it over the head of the Chief Magistrate of the United States. The holding of the club over Congress had, however, been sufficient for results. About the only institution left unimpaired thus far is the Supreme Court of the United States. How such legislation will stand in that quarter is a question fraught with grave uncertainties.

When we are told that this country resembles China more nearly than any other important country in respect to preparedness, it reminds us of another trait in which Americans are coming to be like unto the Chinese, viz., ancestor worship. Many of us whose forebears fought in the Revolutionary War and in the War of the Rebellion have a hazy notion that about all the fighting that will ever be necessary for our permanent existence as a Nation was done in these wars. Possession of a precious heritage long enjoyed begets an entirely different state of mind than that which marked the men who first secured for us the blessings of liberty and who upheld our claim to these blessings. Nowadays the public mind is torn between the conflicting schools of preparedness and pacifist advocates. Our attitude as a people is perhaps best illustrated in the conduct of President Wilson, who has been blown from one side of the argument to the other solely because of a lack of that study and thought which the defense proposition so richly deserves. The President was finally switched around to the Republican viewpoint of a greater navy and to the need for army reorganization but even his abrupt change of front has not been a whit more conspicuous than the shift in sentiment as marked in the speech of people. The lessons of the war abroad are being brought home with greater and greater force each day as the end of the European conflict draws near. The need of the hour for America is to be in a position to assure honorable peace for herself and at the same time require due respect for the rights of American citizens the world over, to say nothing of maintaining treaty obligations in the Far East. The preparedness doctrine as sensibly proclaimed by Mr. Hughes has met the popular demand. Firmness and preparedness go hand in hand. Offered together as Republican doctrine there is no more striking sign of the times than has been manifested in their ready endorsement by the people.

Elihu Root has again spoken and his words are not altogether a comfort to his fellow practitioners in the law. The comments of this leader of the bar as uttered before the delegates to the lawyers' convention in Chicago are so much more severe than anything in the way of mild reproof that these columns have set forth that we forbear extended quotation. In short the keen, analytic mind of Mr. Root is turning over the question of what the country is going to do with the bumper crops of lawyers being annually turned out by our law schools. How is the economic balance to be maintained with this tremendous non-producing class of professional men constantly in-

creasing—and all apparently getting a good living at that? There is nothing funny about it. Mr. Root is not trying to pose at a wit at the expense of his colleagues of the bar. He is merely looking ahead and seeing how this stream of brains can be diverted from the single channel and made to spread out into other courses so that other fields of endeavor may be enriched. In realizing in part the distant aim of the distinguished statesman and thinker, the State of New York is not falling behind. On her civil service list lawyers in legions are holding remunerative offices and the end is not yet in State or Nation. This relieves the constantly narrowing realm of advocacy, but it would be even better if these lawyers could be caught earlier by the State and started in agriculture, medicine or even journalism. If Mr. Root can only suggest some way of training the young idea how to shoot away from the legal mark maybe the problem can be solved.

LITTLE LAUGHS.

Fluence—"And will Bobby be sorry when I marry his sister?" Bobby—"Yes, I will, 'cause I like you."—Boston Transcript.

"How did your garden turn out?" "It helped. The work I did in it gave me a great appetite for the vegetables I had to buy."—Washington Star.

"Did your brother have much success in his last season of shooting?" "Bagged every guide he took out till he couldn't hire any more."—Baltimore American.

"What do you understand by suffering for righteousness' sake?" questioned the Sunday school teacher. "Please, miss, it means havin' to come to Sunday school," answered little Jack.—Life.

"Are you in favor of an eight hour working day?" "I don't go so strong as that," replied Farmer Corns. "If my boy Josh was to work three hours a day two days in succession, I'd think he was doing pretty good."—Washington Star.

Mrs. Youngbride (to butcher)—"I've just thought of something for dinner my husband is very fond of. You have chickens?" Butcher—"Yes'm; nice and fresh." Mrs. Youngbride—"Well, please cut out the croquettes and I'll take them with me."—Boston Transcript.

Higher Efficiency.

Demosthenes was about to go down to the seashore and perform his customary stunt of talking with his mouth full of pebbles to improve his enunciation. On the way an insect assailed him.

"What's the use of fussing with a lot of big pebbles," he growled, "when I can get the same effect out of the Galician battle-fields?" And he said Salsuzanzelzi six times in rapid succession.—Poughkeepsie Eagle News.

Not Definite Enough.

At a London police court an individual who had been affected by the savagery of a lunatic wandering about at large. The magistrate, a genial old gentleman—asked him if he had any friends. "The Lord is my only friend," said the prisoner. "Yes," said the magistrate, "but have you anybody who will become surety for you?" "The Lord," said the prisoner again. "Is my salvation. He will become surety for me." "Yes; but you see," said the magistrate hesitatingly, "I want the name and address of some friend of yours." "Address?" shouted the prisoner. "Why, the Lord is everywhere." "Well, you see," replied the magistrate, "for the purpose of bail we should require some more settled residence."—Argonaut.

Disconcerting.

To an official of the Bureau of Fisheries at Washington, who is an authority on trout, trout-fishing, trout diseases and all things "trouty," some one sent a fine brown trout. The fish was duly admired, cooked, eaten and voted excellent.

But shortly after the authority on trout was somewhat upset by a letter from the donor of the fish. It read: "Some days ago I sent you a large brown trout. Will you kindly oblige by having same examined and analyzed and let me know as soon as possible what it died of?"—New York Times.

The Braggart.

Some one asked Whistler if he was acquainted with King Edward. He said: "No, I have not that pleasure." "But, the King says he knows you." "Oh, well," responded Whistler, "you know he's always bragging."—Arkonaut.

Reason for the Visit.

A small boy appeared at the back door of a neighbor's house in Parkside avenue a day or so ago and said to the matron who opened the door, relates The Buffalo Commercial. "Good morning." "Good morning," the housewife returned, somewhat curiously. "I came over to tell you something." "Well, what is it?" "Last evening my papa was angry because the water boiled out of the steamer under the rolled oats." "Is that so?" "Yes. And then he made up his mind to fix the steamer so that it couldn't happen again." "What did he do?" "He put some water in the steamer and then soldered it up." "Is that what you came over to tell me?" "Yes, and to borrow your stepladder." "What do you want with the stepladder?" "I want it so father can scrape all the rolled oats off the ceiling this morning."—Seabury Coming to Kingston.

GRIFFIN REBUKED
LACK OF REVERENCE

(Continued from Page 1.)

and Mrs. Griffin separated after that. Gertrude L. Smith and Bertha Smith, sisters of Mrs. Griffin, testified that they often heard Griffin swear at his wife but never heard him strike her. Bertha Smith said that Griffin never had said a kind word to his wife since the day they were married. They never had heard their sister swear at her husband, although Gertrude had heard her say "damn." Bertha was asked whether she ever heard her sister swear and answered with asperity:

"No, she hasn't spunk enough." Both sisters testified that when Mrs. Griffin had threatened to have her husband arrested he had told her to "go ahead, but I'll get all the men I want to swear for me for a dollar anyway. I can get all the men and lawyers and judges I want in the country for a dollar apiece." Bertha said that Griffin hopped up and down and waved his hands while he was saying this.

Charles Griffin, the son, said his father sometimes whipped him, using a switch at times and sometimes using a small lilac-wood whip. Once in awhile he had heard his father speak cross to his mother, but he had heard both of them swear around the house, the mother as much as the father.

"Don't you swear, too?" asked Judge Hasbrouck. "No sir!" said the boy, emphatically.

"Don't you know how?" inquired the judge. "Oh, yes, sir," replied the boy. Griffin began to weep as soon as he took the witness stand and continued to weep intermittently until admonished by Judge Hasbrouck that "this is no place to display temperance."

Griffin said he never struck his wife in his life. Explaining the letter filled with profanity, he said that Mrs. Griffin had gone away for a two weeks' visit and his mother had promised to look after himself and the two children during that time but had to go away at the end of the two weeks. Instead of returning home at the end of two weeks, his wife had written a letter saying she could not return but not giving any reason and promising to return two weeks later.

A similar letter arrived in her place then, and this was repeated several times in the meantime he was alone with the children.

"You, who are so particular about the blessing at the table, how did you come to use such profanity in a letter?" asked Judge Hasbrouck. "Well," said Griffin, "I had expected her and she didn't come; I wanted her home, to care for the children; that was her place."

To Judge Hasbrouck's questions, Griffin said he had at various times given his wife money to go away with and had bought her candy, peanuts and a ring in addition to their wedding ring. Lawyer Ostrander tried to show that Griffin afterwards had taken away the ring and presented it to his mother, who was now wearing it, but Judge Hasbrouck excluded the testimony.

Except when his mother was at the house, there never was any blessing at meal times. He denied having used profanity when visiting at the Smith house. He rents his house from Peter Wilkin for \$5 a month and earns on an average of \$9 a week trimming peat for William Lowery. Until she went away, he said, he always had tried to support her and the children according to his means.

Besides giving a version of the meal-time-blessing incident which threw all the profanity on Mrs. Griffin, Mrs. Sarah M. Griffin, the mother of Griffin, said that whenever she went to her son's house she worked hard from the time she entered until she left, doing "everything that my hands found to do."

Asked whether her relations with her daughter-in-law were pleasant, Mrs. Griffin replied:

"I have nothing against her spiritually; I love her soul; but her actions are more than I can stand." Questioned more closely about her love for her daughter-in-law, Mrs. Griffin said:

"I don't like wrong-doers, but I do love people's souls because the Lord has told me to love them." Her son, she said, always made it a practice to ask "every one who loves the Lord to ask a blessing" when at his house.

Personally, she had had a few words with her daughter-in-law but never any particular "rubs;" she never felt as though no woman was good enough for him and would not do her a particle of harm.

"Then why don't you have your son make some contribution to her support?" asked Judge Hasbrouck. "He is willing to support her at his home, to the extent of his means," replied the old lady, but as to supporting her elsewhere, she "did not think it was justice."

set upon by two ruffians and given a terrible beating. William Davis caught in a belt in a Gardiner saw mill and had his leg broken in three places, hip and five ribs broken.

A horse driven by Mrs. Harry Lasher backed off the dyke at Saugerties and two little girls would have been drowned but for the arrival of Robert Esprey who rescued them.

September 3, 1906.—Pouring rains ushered in Labor Day delaying the starting of the big Labor Union parade. Speeches and athletic sports were held at close of parade at Athletic Field.

Fine races at the Kingston Driving Park.

Flag raising at St. Joseph's School. The Rev. Daniel J. Quinn delivered the oration. The flag was presented by James S. Winne.

September 4, 1906.—Swindler giving name of G. B. More passed worthless checks on two local jewelers.

A total registration of 3,439 pupils for first day of school established a record for Kingston schools.

Paterson won pennant in Hudson River League.

The Day in Fisticuffs.

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Lightweight championship—Fredie Welsh vs. Charles White, 20 rounds, at Colorado Springs, Col. Featherweight championship—Johnny Kilbane vs. George Chaney, 5 rounds at Cedar Point, Ohio. Bantamweight championship—Kid Williams vs. Frankie Brown, 10 rounds, at Baltimore. Jack Dillon vs. Jim Coffey, 10 rounds, at Brooklyn. Battling Levinsky vs. K. O. Brown, 12 rounds, at South Chicago, Ill. Joe Mandot vs. Frankie Russell, 20 rounds, at New Orleans. Johnny Griffin vs. Joe Rivers, 12 rounds, Canton, Ohio. Ad Wolgast vs. Lee Morrison, 15 rounds, Idaho Falls, Idaho. Johnny Ertle vs. Benny Kauffman, six rounds, at Philadelphia.

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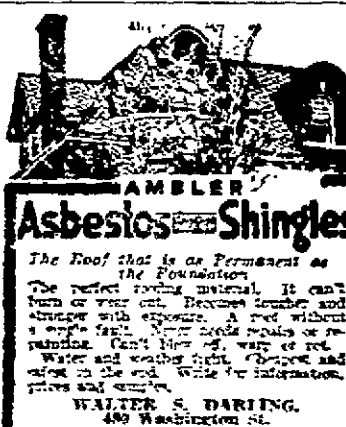


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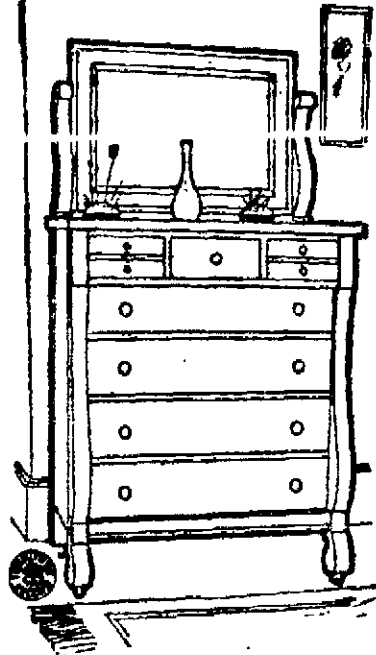
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Ehtage William S., 34 John street.
Ginsburg, Isaiah, 46 Broadway.
Johnston Benjamin W., 26 E. Strand.
Kingston Central Pharmacy, 572 Broadway.
Maben & Walker, 492 Broadway.
McBride, Charles L., 634 Broadway.
Tea Brock Drug Co., the Inc., 322 Wall street.
- Druggists (Wholesale).**
Crispell, H. S., Co., Field Court.
- Grocers.**
Abrahams, Molly, 86 Chambers street.
Ahlers, Mrs. Frederick A., 23 Hone street.
Albrecht, F. W., 357 Broadway.
Albrecht, Justin J., 9 Brewster.
Amen, Samuel, 352 Broadway.
Auchmoody, William J., 413 Washington avenue.
Avnet, Mrs. Bessie, 57 Broadway.
Bahl, Meyer, 43 Murray.
Bailey, Mrs. Louisa, 620 Broadway.
Bennett, Thomas A., 47 North Front street.
Blankfield, Leon, 563 Broadway.
Borst, Charles A., 203 Foxhall avenue.
Boyce, Alanson L., 27 Lindsley avenue.
Bruck, Nicholas, 27 Smith avenue.
Butler, Arthur E., 148 Broadway.
Carle, Rufus, 672 Broadway.
Colburn, Harry E., 380 Broadway.
Curtin, Mrs. Elizabeth, 251 E. Strand.
Davis, John W., 140 Cedar street.
Diamond, J. E. & Co., 561-566 Broadway.
DuBois, Joshua M., 43 Pine street.
Duffy, James H., 128 Smith avenue.
Duffy, Joseph B., 49 Sycamore street.
Evel, Charles G., 59 Cedar street.
Everett, Charles B., 255 Wall street.
Fiero, John R., 160 Clinton avenue.
Flynn, George N., 583 Delaware avenue.
Foreman, Mrs. Nellie, 246 Elmendorf street.
Friedman, Aaron, 31 E. Union street.
Gallagher, Anthony J., 504 Delaware avenue.
Garrison, Edwin C., 2 North Wilbur avenue.
Gillespie, W. Scott, 330 Wall street.
Glitz, John, 77 West Pierpont street.
Glennon, John B., 120 Abeel street.
Great Atlantic and Pacific Tea Co., 21 and 664 Broadway.
Green, E. Hoyt, 38 North Front street.
Gordon, Samuel, 68 North Front street.
Heaney, Frank M., 34 Foxhall avenue.
Hendricks, Joseph E., 342 Broadway.
Hendricks & Swart, 83 St. James street.
Holt, Abner D., 183 Wall street.
Hutton, William L., 73 Hasbrouck street.
Kallish, Morris, 33 E. Union street.
Kegler, Louis, 13 Pine street.
Kelly, James, 65 North Front street.
- Ketterer, Casper, Broadway.**
Kinkade, George L., 232 Wall street.
Walter, Miss Blendina, 86 Hone street.
Kramer, Meyer, 104 Chambers and 63 Broadway.
Krebs, Jacob, 47 German street.
Lahl, Charles, Jr., 67 Lindsley avenue.
Lange, Edward A., 52 Third avenue.
Leahy, Thomas J., 436 Washington avenue.
Longyear, William V. A., 199 Pearl street.
Mackey, George O., 83 Greenhill avenue.
Masley, Isaac R., 69 O'Neil street.
Marks, Jacob, 40 North Front street.
McCall, Mrs. Mary, 88 Foxhall avenue.
A. C. McGovern, 248 Foxhall avenue.
Meeker, Mrs. Matilda, 65 Hoffman street.
Minasian, Minasian, 75 Gage street.
Molican, Co., 296 Wall street.
Mones, Harris, 23 Ann street.
Mufson Bros., 96 Broadway.
Myers, John H., 31 Clifton avenue.
Myers & Voight, 207 W. Chestnut street.
Newell, C. B., 59 North Front street.
Olivet, Giovanni, 96 Prince street.
Paul, Louis, 61 Meadow street.
Perri, Samuel, 195 North street.
Perry, John V., 117 Clifton street.
Phelan, James A., 805 Broadway.
Planthaber, George, 29 E. Strand.
Quigley, George A., 24 Wilbur avenue.
Raichle, John, 26 Ravine street.
Rosa, Washington J., 25 Clinton avenue.
Rose, Abram D., 73 Franklin street.
Ryan, William D., 453 Washington avenue.
Sandelli, Archie, 422 Washington avenue.
Schick, William, 41 GHI street.
Schirick, Eustace, 178 Downs street.
Schreiber, Mrs. Emma, 75 Pine Grove avenue.
Schryver, Isaac, 138 Smith avenue.
Schultz, Mrs. Lena, 257 E. Chester street.
Scoville & Every, 173 Smith avenue.
Shader, Virgil, 44 E. Strand.
Siller, Simon, 72 Broadway.
Sottile, Peter, 137 North street.
Spatt, Charles J., 526 Delaware avenue.
Sunkind, Joseph, 245 E. Strand.
Towns, Franklin S., 99 O'Neil street.
Turck, Frederick G., 109 Cedar street.
Van Buren, Mrs. Fannie, 427 Hasbrouck street.
Walter, William F., 52 Broadway.
Weidemann, Mrs. Minnie, 165 North street.
Wetterhahn, David, 57 Abeel street.
Whitbeck, Abram, 76 Crown street.
White, John J., 136 Broadway.
Wisniewski, Mrs. Mary, 150 Third avenue.
Wood, Alvin, 331 Washington avenue.
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TOPICS NEW YORK IS TALKING ABOUT

By Telegram to The Freeman.
New York, Sept. 4.—The threatened railway strike has been averted, at least temporarily, by the passage by congress of a law compelling the railways to pay the same wages for an 8-hour day that they have been paying for a 10-hour day, and for extra for over time. Whether or not the railway employees were entitled to this increase no one knows, because President Wilson made no effort to investigate that phase of the question and because neither he nor the labor unions would allow congress time to investigate it. The only evidence on the subject is, therefore, ex parte, is the statement of the railway brotherhoods. That the railway men were entitled to a share of the prosperity which this country is enjoying just now as a result of the European war is pretty generally believed, but whether they will receive, under congress's ill-considered and hastily enacted legislation, their just share, or more or less, no man knows. There is not even the statement of President Wilson on the subject because, instead of devoting himself to that side of the controversy, Mr. Wilson preferred to mislead the public, or to attempt to, and immediately espoused the cause of "the 8-hour day" when the 8-hour day was not involved at all, and the only question at issue between the railways and their employees was the amount of compensation which the latter should receive. New York, however, finds some measure of satisfaction in the situation because the enactment of the legislation and the prevention of the strike accords with the view which New York has all along entertained. New York figured that in view of the injury which would have resulted to the Democratic party from a general strike, neither Mr. Wilson nor the Democratic majorities in congress would permit such a strike, regardless of what steps might be necessary to avert it—and New York was right.

Another Opportunity.
The New York Tribune contends that there is another opportunity for President Wilson to settle a strike on the eve of the election. It is the strike of the 15,000 iron miners in the Mesaba range. These men struck for \$3 for eight hours work and bi-monthly paydays. They have suffered hardships as a result of their strike and their families are enduring great privation. The Tribune points out that with the precedent established for the settlement of strikes by congress, enacting legislation compelling employers to pay the wages demanded by their employees, the iron workers should rush Bill Haywood, Elizabeth Curley Flynn and Arturo Giovannitti to the White House, before congress adjourns, that they should explain to the president the demands of the men and the number of voters in the organization known as the Industrial Workers of the World, remind him of the close approach of the presidential election and, with the aid of the "privations of the miners' families, they would experience no difficulty in inducing Mr. Wilson to order congress to enact legislation directing the mine owners to pay \$3 for an 8-hour day. Mr. Wilson could not now logically refuse.

A Wilson Supporter.
The New York Times, the ablest Democratic paper in New York, is not satisfied with Mr. Wilson's settlement of the railway strike. Under the heading "Where it Leads," The Times says, "In this republic laws express the people's will, but in the making of this law to increase the pay of one-quarter of the railway employees the people have not had the slightest chance to make known their desire. Their congress was coerced by the threat of an insupportable injury to themselves. What Lynch law is to orderly judicial process the method adopted by the brotherhoods, and we have very much regret in saying with too much assistance from the president, is to the constitutional method of lawmaking. The brotherhoods look on Mr. Wilson as their friend. They may have harmed him vastly more than he has helped them. Such a spirit as has been roused in this country at this time, in the midst of a presidential campaign, is not of good political augury for a party in power."

Mr. Wilson's Acceptance.
President Wilson has been notified of and has accepted the nomination for another presidential term. In his speech of acceptance, among many other things, Mr. Wilson failed to mention that plank in the platform on which he was elected which declared for a single term for presidents. There must have been a sardonic grin in Mr. Wilson's mind, if not on his countenance, as he pronounced the words, "the people of small and weak states have the right to expect to be dealt with exactly as the people of big and powerful states would be" and thought of his had treated Hayti and of the 800 graves of Hayti soldiers which testify eloquently to the difference between Mr. Wilson's treatment of them and his treatment of Mexico.

What Mr. Wilson Omitted.
The New York Evening Post, a most loyal supporter of President Wilson, presents an arraignment of this speech of acceptance as severe as it is just. It says: "We find no record here of his vacillations and short comings in relation to the European War. He does not attempt to defend his complaisance towards the labor unions; he is silent as to his shameful breach of faith towards the colored people, his betrayal of the party on the tariff principle, his change of front on the tariff Commission, and other issues. There is no hint here of the arrogance with which, without adequate consultation with party leaders, he has single-handed changed the historic policies of his party. As if he had had a second thought on the matter of national defence, he barely touches upon the action of congress in the field of 'preparedness.' He has put his best foot forward, but he cannot

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expect that the numerous blunders and disappointments of his administration will be forgotten. When one reads this speech one cannot but regret all the more that Mr. Wilson has not lived up to the promise of four years ago. Had he but remained true to the principles he had so often avowed, his re-election would now be a moral certainty. Far more than the criticism of his adversaries, Mr. Wilson's own shortcomings and compromises have today put many thousands of his former supporters in a quandary as to whether in voting for Mr. Hughes they will not after all, be choosing the lesser evil. From this quandary the president's speech, for all its power, will not release them."

Wilson and Mexico.
Other friends and admirers of President Wilson deplore the fact that in his speech of acceptance he, apparently inadvertently, abandons the pretense so long maintained that he seized Vera Cruz in order to compel Huerta to salute the flag, and frankly says that it was his purpose to force out of office "the unspeakable Huerta." What ever people may think of the wisdom of an effort to force Huerta out of office, the public is not likely to enjoy learning that their president wilfully, deliberately deceived them when he went into Vera Cruz, and for months afterwards, and that, when he declared in his Indianapolis speech that he would not "butt in" to Mexico nor permit anyone else to do so, he was laughing in his sleeve at the intelligence and credulity of the people which had enabled him to fool them into believing that he went into Mexico to force a salute to the flag when he actually went in, as he now tells them, to force Huerta out.

Protect the Blankets.
The careful housekeeper will protect the ends of her blankets or comforters with a case made for that purpose. An exceedingly attractive one has a turnover which is embroidered. The under part of the case usually is made to fit the quilt and the turnover on the right side is about nine or ten inches wide. This part is usually hemstitched and embroidered in sprays or wreaths.

Valuable Reputation.
The very reputation of being strong-willed, plucky and indefatigable is of priceless value. It cowers enemies and dispels opposition to our undertakings.—Charles Darwin.

JOY RIDERS ARRESTED.

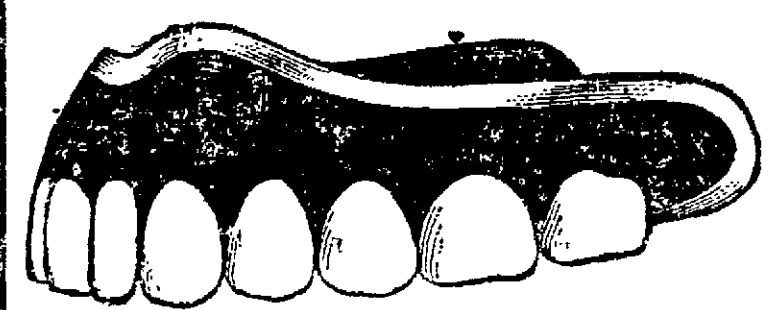
Went Singing and Shouting Through Street on Sunday.

Sunday Policeman Hess while on post on North Front street placed eight Italians from New York city under arrest for making a public disturbance. The Italians were all young men and were riding in an automobile through the street singing and shouting. They gave their names as Joseph E. Castagna, Dominick Visco, William Heallaco, Fred Scutty, Louis Carro, Lawrence Caccabue, John Olivet and Frank Ferrenzio. They averaged in age about 18 years each. Four of the party who confessed to singing were fined \$1 each and the others were discharged with a reprimand.

Don't Economize on Eyesight.
The light question on a farm is a much discussed one. One means, at very moderate cost, of securing a brilliant light, is to have the old lamps fitted with mantle burners. By using a collar, most any sized lamp may be used. So equipped, the amount of oil burned is much less than by common wick, and the light is much brighter, and yet not harmful to the eyes. With care the mantle will last a long time.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Girard S. McAllister, late of the city of Kingston, county of Ulster, deceased, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Harriet McAllister Gilson, administratrix, with the will annexed of the estate of said deceased, at the office of Everett Fowler, 44 Main street, in the city of Kingston, N. Y., on or before the 10th day of October, 1916.
Dated, April 26, 1916.
HARRIET McALLISTER GILSON, Administratrix. With the Will Annexed of Girard S. McAllister, deceased.
Everett Fowler, Attorney, 44 Main St., Kingston, N. Y.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNEE'S SALE.
In pursuance of an order of Hon. James J. McKee, county judge of Ulster county, notice is hereby given that the undersigned, assignee of Grace E. Friess, for the benefit of creditors, will sell all the stock and fixtures belonging to the assigned estate of said Grace E. Friess, at public auction at No. 396 Wall street, Kingston, Ulster county, N. Y., on the 7th day of September, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon of that day.
Dated at Kingston, N. Y., August 25th, 1916.
PALMER CANFIELD, JR., Assignee.
WILLIAM D. BRINNER, Attorney for Assignee, 85 John St., Kingston, N. Y.



Cady "Fee Bill"

Examination Free; Painless Extraction of teeth, with Local Anesthetic, each 50c; Silver Filling \$1.00; Porcelain Filling \$2.00; Gold Filling, from \$2.00; Gold Inlays, from \$3.00; Porcelain Crowns, \$5.00; Gold Crowns, \$5.00; Bridge work, per tooth, \$5.00; Porcelain Gum Plates, \$20.00; Rootless Plates \$20.00; Gold Plates, \$50.00; Rubber Plates, \$8.00, \$10.00 and \$15.00. No charge for extractions when plates are ordered.
Hours—9 to 9. Sunday, 9 to 1 p. m.

CADY DENTAL OFFICE

324 Wall St. Kingston, N. Y.

HOW TO MAKE YOUR GARDEN GROW
This Free Booklet

Containing Flower Charts and Vegetable Charts, describing \$0.50, \$1.00, \$2.00, \$3.00, \$4.00, \$5.00 gardens and the U. S. zone map, telling when to plant for best results, used
With a reel of **Diamond GARDEN HOSE** JUST THE THING
Here is a book that keeps your garden green, because it's made so last—the book that tells you when to plant, what to plant, and how to plant. We've got them, and you can get them for your every need.
When you get the book ask for THE HOSE
CANTFIELD SUPPLY CO.,
Strand and Ferry St.,
Kingston, N. Y.

Unfading Remembrance.
"When I was a little boy," related E. H. Harsh, "and needed money worse than I have ever needed it since, I was hired by a man to do a job of work which was really too hard for me. I toiled and strained through it, and when it was done he said he had no change, but would pay me the first time he found a half-dollar rolling up hill. Then he laughed when I cried. If he is alive today I hope he has growing teeth."

Drink Water Abundantly.
When the thermometer is slowly climbing upward, the only way we can keep our own temperature from doing likewise is to drink copiously of pure water. There is nothing so refreshing or cooling as pure water chilled to a palatable temperature. Children especially should be encouraged to drink freely of water. Even babies should have their regular bottles of pure water.

Read in the Sun.
Pure, unadulterated honesty is best in the home—it is not the result of education.

OFFICER LOSES PAIR OF TROUSERS

Charles Van Demark, a member of the quarantine squad, had his legs slightly injured, and a pair of trousers ruined, on Sunday morning when he was hit by an automobile owned by Charles Merritt of this city. Officer Van Demark was stationed on Lucas avenue, and signalled for the car to stop. As the car slowed down the officer in some manner was hit by the car before it was brought to a stop. Fortunately the car was not moving at a fast rate at the time, or his injuries might have been more serious. The accident did not prevent the officer from working today.

Up to noon today no new or suspicious cases of infantile paralysis in the city had been reported to Dr. Frank A. Johnston, the health officer.

Owing to the fact that today was a holiday the quarantine squad was kept busy by the increased automobile traffic on Sunday and today.

WANTS PEARL TUSKS OF SEA MONSTER

The "Whistler"—sea lion, seal or shark, that has been seen swimming in the Hudson river and the Rondout creek, is still at large, although reports this morning stated that it had been captured at Eddyville, and was a seal. These reports, however, could not be confirmed, and no one could be found who had seen or caught the sea monster at that place.

Some advance the theory that it might be a German or an Allies submarine sailing up the creek to see how far progress had been made on the Slettsburgh bridge.

Residents of this city who have seen the monster are positive that it was a seal, while residents of Goldrick's Landing up the river are equally positive that they saw a shark.

One man along the creek front said today that he would not object to landing the monster if it was a sea lion as he understood it had pearl tusks and he thought that the pearls might be valuable.

At Roxmore Inn.

A beefsteak dinner to residents of Roxmore Colony and guests of the inn Saturday evening wound up a busy week at that resort, the house being filled to overflowing and many arrivals finding accommodation only in tents and nearby bungalows. A clever minstrel sketch by Dr. H. M. Eberhard and W. H. Baker of Philadelphia, and R. W. Boyd of New York city entertained the affair greatly. Kingstonians who were guests of the inn the past week included: Kenneth Van Ostenbrugge, Miss Ruth Shafer, Mrs. James W. Lasher, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Connolly, R. S. Rodie, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Bennett, Miss Helen M. Bennett, Miss Katherine M. Bennett, Miss Margaret Loughran, Miss Gertrude Bruyn, Dr. and Mrs. F. Snyder, and F. E. W. Darrow of Saugerties.

Clambake at West Hurley.

A clambake and supper will be held at the M. E. Church in West Hurley on Tuesday, September 12, from 4 p. m. on through the evening. Ice cream, soft drinks, etc., will also be on sale. A special invitation is extended to all former residents of West Hurley and vicinity to come and greet their old friends, once more and renew acquaintances. Special attention given to auto parties, straw loads, etc. Come and get all the clams you can eat at a very reasonable sum. If decidedly stormy, next fair evening.

Mohonk Easily Defeats Walkkill.

Mohonk Lake, Sept. 4.—The Crescent Athletic Club of Walkkill was easily defeated here Saturday 9 to 3, Owl holding them to six hits, while the Mohonk boys gathered in thirteen, four being doubles and one a home run. For four innings the game was close and well played, but in the fifth Caswell was hit hard, the same being true of the sixth inning. Some misplays by his teammates helped things along for Mohonk. Fielding features were contributed by Churchill, Davison and Allington.

Say it is a Sea Cow.

Seafaring men, of whom there are several in Rondout, pronounced the sea monster who created excitement in the Rondout creek Friday afternoon to be none other than a manatee, or sea cow. The manatee, so scientists say, is never seen north of Florida but this specimen may have come in the wake of the gulf stream shift. Another sea cow has been common on the Asiatic coast of the Behring Sea but this grows to the length of 25 feet. The round back of the creature seen Friday backs up the "sea cow" theory.

The Inadequate Skillypot.

The need of a bridge across the Rondout creek was again plainly shown today when automobiles were lined up for a block on the Strand and Ferry street waiting to be conveyed across on the Skillypot. There was a continuous line of machines all morning and it was necessary to have a policeman stationed at the ferry to keep traffic moving. Many automobile parties also passed over the river on the Transport.

Gompers Serves Notice.

By Telegram to The Freeman. Lewiston, Maine, Sept. 4.—Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, in a Labor Day address here this afternoon, served notice on the nation that organized labor would fight to the last to prevent laws compelling federal investigation into labor difficulties before strikes are called.

BISHOP CASE IN NEW ENTANGLEMENT

The case of Emma Bishop, as administratrix of the estate of Arthur Bishop, against the Kingston Gas & Electric Company, has assumed a new phase by the service on the part of the electric company of motion pictures which are returnable at the opening of the next term of the appellate division of the supreme court for the Third judicial department, for a motion to transfer the case to some other appellate division.

The ground of the motion is that Judge Cochran is disqualified from passing on the case, he having been the justice before whom it was last tried, and the company submits for consideration whether or not Judge Howard is disqualified from sitting for the reason that a new trial was granted by him to the plaintiff on substantially the same evidence as was given on the trial now sought to be reviewed.

The Bishop case has occupied much of the time of the courts. It was brought by Mrs. Bishop to recover damages for the death of her husband, who was employed by the Gas & Electric Company, and who was killed by the electric current while cleaning one of the electric lights and changing the carbon in it. The suit was commenced more than seven years ago.

The first trial of the case occurred before Judge Pitts and a jury at the court house in this city on December 14 and 15, 1909, and Judge Pitts dismissed the complaint. The plaintiff thereupon appealed to the appellate division, which appeal is still pending.

In February, 1911, Judge Howard granted a new trial on the ground of newly discovered evidence. The Gas & Electric Company appealed to the appellate division and the order granting a new trial was reversed. On November 24, 1911, the plaintiff moved to resettle the order of the appellate division so as to permit another motion to be made for a new trial on the ground of newly discovered evidence, and that motion was granted. The motion for a new trial was afterwards made before Judge Chester, who granted it. The appellate division affirmed Judge Chester's decision.

The new trial was held before Judge Cochran and a jury at the court house in Kingston in March, 1915, and a verdict was rendered in favor of Mrs. Bishop for \$15,000. Judge Cochran took under advisement a motion to set aside the verdict and later made a decision granting the motion unless the plaintiff stipulated to reduce the verdict to \$11,000. The plaintiff so stipulated and judgment was entered for \$11,000, the amount of the verdict, and \$442.50 costs. The interest amounts to about \$4,000. From such judgment the Gas & Electric Company has appealed to the appellate division, and it is this appeal which the Gas & Electric Company now desires to have transferred to another appellate division.

Alfred D. Van Buren originally represented Mrs. Bishop. In later phases of the case and in the successful proceedings for a new trial, Mrs. Bishop was represented by Joseph Hasbrouck, who had been substituted for Mr. Van Buren. With the elevation of Judge Hasbrouck to the supreme court bench, Judge William D. Cunningham was substituted in his place as Mrs. Bishop's attorney, and when Judge Cunningham was appointed to the court of claims, Traver & Murray of this city were substituted in his place. Judge Clearwater has been counsel for the Gas & Electric Company in all the proceedings and has made the motion for the transfer of the case to another appellate division.



CAPT. H. J. HADDOCK, OLYMPIC CAPTAIN MADE KING'S AIDE-DE-CAMP.

Captain Harry J. Haddock, formerly commander of the Olympic, has resigned from the White Star Line and has just been appointed Aide-de-Camp to King George. He is serving at Malta on the staff of the Admiral in command of the Mediterranean fleet. The Olympic has carried over 50,000 troops from Canada to England and 25,000 to the Gallipoli Peninsula.

Medics Swamped by Feds.

In the morning came of a double clash between the Mystic Baseball Club and the Wilbur Feds. The Medics were overwhelmed. The game was washed to the tune of 11 to 0 on the Athletic Field. Although the score was large, the game was fast throughout. Stoudt, Ben, and Bush were the points for the Feds. The game will be given later.

BEING A COOK IS A HAZARDOUS JOB

Especially When Cooking For the Carpenters of the West Shore is Claim of Alben Man Now Seeking Compensation Award at Albany.

Is cooking a hazardous occupation?

If you left the question to a jury of housewives there would be no question of a unanimous verdict in the affirmative but in this case the point is made before State Deputy Compensation Commissioner Abbott in behalf of Alexander Houghtaling of Alsen, a cook on the West Shore railroad, who seeks to recover compensation for injuries suffered last January when he fractured an ankle in getting off a train at Ridgefield Park, N. J. Attorney Brown for the railroad company argued that the cook's occupation was outside the group covered by the law which mentions the operation, construction and repair of railroads.

Attorney N. Frank O'Reilly, in behalf of Houghtaling, showed that not only was his client the cook for the carpenters' crew running from Ravena to Weehawken, but that his duties included the setting of lights on the ends of the three cars occupied by the force and filling and cleaning of same. The cook gets \$48 a month and his board which he figures at \$3.50 a week, a total average monthly wage of \$82 he claims upon which the two-thirds allowance is asked for the disability period.

The railroad raised the question that the carpenters' force run was in reality under state control and that the state body had no jurisdiction. It was also set up that the board from was given by the carpenters to the cook. The latter claimed, however, that his contract was with the railroad company.

Mr. Abbott reserved decision on the point and will later report to the Industrial Commission for the final action.

KICKED ON 90 CENTS.

Thought It Too Much to Pay For Food For Three.

An automobile containing five passengers drove up to one of the eating houses in Kingston this morning and having driven a long distance decided upon refreshments. Three of the party entered the restaurant and ordered breakfast including a steak which was served and after partaking of the food were presented with a check for the amount of the meal, which amounted to 90 cents for the crowd. After viewing the check from all angles and criticising everything in general they refused to pay, stating that the steak was not up to the standard for steaks in this part of the country. At this point and in the interest of justice the cashier decided to call in the policeman on the beat to act as mediator and restore peace to the interested parties.

After D. Van Buren originally represented Mrs. Bishop. In later phases of the case and in the successful proceedings for a new trial, Mrs. Bishop was represented by Joseph Hasbrouck, who had been substituted for Mr. Van Buren. With the elevation of Judge Hasbrouck to the supreme court bench, Judge William D. Cunningham was substituted in his place as Mrs. Bishop's attorney, and when Judge Cunningham was appointed to the court of claims, Traver & Murray of this city were substituted in his place. Judge Clearwater has been counsel for the Gas & Electric Company in all the proceedings and has made the motion for the transfer of the case to another appellate division.

KYSERIKE.

Kyserike, Sept. 4.—Mrs. James Devine returned to the Rankin farm the past week after spending a month's vacation in Kingston. Miss Helen Van Demark, who was taken very ill Thursday, is much better.

Joseph Clearwater of High Falls called on Charles Davis on Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Van Wagenen visited Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Rider on Sunday.

Perry Davis spent Saturday afternoon at Rosendale.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Aberly of Poughkeepsie are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Asaph Quirk.

Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Pratt of Germantown are spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. William Pratt.

Mrs. Claude Stokes called on Mrs. James Devine on Sunday afternoon at the Rankin farm.

Charles B. Van Demark enjoyed a drive on Sunday behind his trotter.

James B. Davis and Vernon Beatty got in a mix-up with their autos on Wednesday while on their way to the Ashokan dam. Beatty was ahead with his car and while going up a steep hill changed from high to low gear and stalled his car. Davis coming from behind ran into his car, making a hole in his radiator and breaking his car in other places. Davis was compelled to leave his car till the next day and with the assistance of Elmer Van Demark got it home.

W. C. T. U. Receives \$1,000.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Ulster county has just received through their treasurer, Mrs. D. B. Hendricks, of Kingston, the sum of \$1,000 as the fee of their citizenship in the estate of the late John R. Hunt of Ellenville. A small part of this amount is held for use in organization work to be undertaken this winter, the remainder will be invested and the income used for the building up of temperance work in Ulster county. The Ellenville Union has purchased a lot near the Wayside Inn and will erect a suitable building in accordance with the ideas expressed by Mr. Hunt. It is considered probable that the annual convention of the Ulster County W. C. T. U. will be held after the state convention, which will be held in Saratoga on October 5-11. Notice of time and place will be given later.

RUPPERT'S HOT REPLY

Answer to Minor Leagues Who Protest Recall of Players.

Action Not Taken Until Every Other Means Had Failed—President Comiskey of Chicago White Sox Would Not Assent.

Colonel Rupert of the New York American League club, when asked to reply to the criticisms emanating from minor league cities upon the recall of players belonging to the New Yorks from the lower leagues, said:

"The unprecedented number of accidents to the New York team which injured their six best players, namely, Baker, Magee, Malsel, Gilhooly, High and Cullop, coupled with the illness of Fisher and Gedeon, and the defection of Caldwell, put the team in such a crippled condition that there was no alternative but to recall three of the New York players loaned to the minor leagues, viz., Aragon, Shocker and Miller. The recall of these players was done only as a last resort. We bought Oldring to fill Gilhooly's place. Mr. Huston and myself went to Chicago to meet Connie Mack to try to buy, borrow or steal Strunk, but Mr. Mack would listen to no proposition of any kind, and perhaps properly so.

"We tried to get one of Comiskey's extra outfielders, but he would not consider a cash purchase, and we could not spare any player in a trade that would be acceptable to him. We made overtures for Tobin, but St. Louis needed that outfielder. We exhausted every effort to get big league players and in desperation decided that we could do nothing else but bring in our players from the minors. But we tried to make it as easy as it was in our power to do so, for the clubs from which the players were taken. But bear in mind that we had a perfect contract right to recall these players. The optional agreement under which these players were sent to the minors provided that they may be returned to us upon short notice, and that we may in turn recall the players upon five days' notice. The several minor league clubs were fully aware of what they were agreeing to because every one of them objected to the recall clause and finally acquiesced in it when we would have it no other way. We called Mr. Johnson's attention to this clause in our optional agreements.

"The minors have repeatedly taken advantage of their right to return to us our players this year. In one instance they have returned a player with an utter disregard for our interests, and in another case have returned a player on account of their own peculiar financial conditions. Louisville returned Carroll Brown, Columbus sent us back Don Brown. Toronto left Layton flat on our hands. Doc Cook was shunted back by Oakland, and Cy Flich devolved upon us from Newark. It is a poor rule that won't work both ways.

"We can't see how the minors can object to our exercising our contractual rights when they so ruthlessly take advantage of their rights. But even had we no right to recall the players we feel that the minor leagues should help us out in our dire necessity, for we certainly distributed among them last year a big sum of money which must have helped out not a little in the darkest year baseball has possibly ever seen."

CHIEF BENDER NOT THROUGH

Has Done Some Good Pitching for Phillies This Season—Always Thrown in Side of Giants.

Chief Bender, the Indian pitcher, is not all in by any means. He has done some good twirling for the Phillies this season and Manager Moran counts on him to do a whole lot more before the



Chief Bender.

season's close. The Indian won a game from the Giants the other day, holding McGraw's men to seven hits. Bender was always a thorn in the side of the Giants, triumphing over them in more than one game when pitching for the Athletics in world's series contests.

Man's Inconsistency.

"Yes," said the woman who sometimes lets on an audible laugh, "it's a fact." "What's a fact?" he queried. "That the man who grows about his wife's cooking at home will cheerfully eat any old thing when he's camping," explained noisy female talker.

CAPTAIN MEAGHER IN BATTLE ROYAL

Pacifists Show All Sorts of Check in Opposing Preparedness Campaign at Cayuga County Fair—Exhorters Try to Keep Young Men From Army.

How preparedness and pacifism are fighting just as did the lion and the unicorn in the nursery fables is shown by the experience of Captain Frank L. Meagher in recruiting work upstate where he is getting men for both the National Guard and the regular army. At the Cayuga County Fair at Moravia, a village some 15 miles from Auburn where Captain Meagher and Sergeant Matthew Bence have their headquarters, the anti-preparedness folks camped on the Kingston officer's trail and gave him a battle royal for recruits.

The Auburn Citizen tells of a phase of the fray as follows:

"Captain Meagher remained overnight at the fair and that he was busy last evening was shown this morning when the hundreds of visitors at the fair today were introduced to a new large tent at the top of which floated a large pennant bearing the words, 'Preparedness.' Within and outside of the tent are displayed on tables large quantities of posters and literature bearing on the service. This morning, Corporal Edmund D. Relyea and Private Wolfert Lockwood left for the fair to join their captain.

"The Preparedness tent is directly across from the anti-preparedness tent. With Captain Meagher and assistants on one side exhorting the service and exhorting the young men to come to the colors with words and literature and with the anti-preparedness advocates on the other side urging disavowment and passing out treatises and literature in the hope of disparaging young men from joining the rank and file, visitors at the fair today were afforded much amusement.

"Judging from his efforts, Captain Meagher is determined that the day shall not pass without the signing up of several recruits. Today the headquarters of the recruiting station in the State Army here are in charge of Sergeant Bence."

WITTENBERG.

Wittenberg, Sept. 4.—Simon Bishop is so improved since his recent illness as to be spending some time with his daughter, Mrs. Herbert Markle of Kingston.

Epworth League Sunday evening, September 10, at 7:30 o'clock. The topic is "Rally Day." Isa. 2:2-5; Zech. 8:20-21; Psa. 20:5. Leader, Mrs. Watson Riseley.

Mrs. T. P. Shultis and son, Oliver, of Bearsville, spent Thursday with her mother, Mrs. Fred Happy.

Frank Bramer of New York city has returned home after spending a few days with his family here.

Mrs. Harvey Short was in Kingston one day recently.

Miss Ethel Short of Kingston, who has been spending her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Short, returned on Friday.

The W. W. Society will meet with Mrs. Lauretta Short on Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock sharp.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Happy motored to Kingston on Thursday. All are glad to learn that Mrs. Emory Happy, who was operated on at the Benedictine Sanitarium recently, is improving.

Mrs. Orlando Short was in Kingston Thursday.

Values.

The man who values his life over much, who pursues alluring ambition, and thinks affectionately of the talents enshrined in his body, does not risk it lightly. Nature will often play the trick of creating a big frame and mocking its great vitality by endowing it with an over-keen instinct of self-preservation.

Notaries Public.

Notaries public are said to have been appointed by the primitive Christians to collect such facts as were obtainable about the martyrs of the first century. The office afterward took a legal form and had to do with the attesting of deeds and other writings.

MAYNWAY THEATRES—C. C. CHILDSLEEVE, Res. Mgr.

KINGSTON Opera House

Daily 2:30, 7:15 and 9:00

TODAY—OPERA HOUSE

AUDITORIUM TUESDAY.

OWEN MOORE AND DOROTHY GISH

"LITTLE MEENA'S ROMANCE"

Dorothy Gish is just the sweetest little Dutch girl in this charming Triangle Fine Arts production, rising from a scrubwoman to a countess.

ALSO

All Star Keystone Comedy

OPERA HOUSE TUESDAY, SEPT. 5th.

Y. M. C. A. AUDITORIUM WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 6th

PARAMOUNT-PALLAS

Presents

MYRTLE STEDMAN

—in—

"THE AMERICAN BEAUTY"

A play in which this versatile star plays three different roles. The pinnacle of joy is in the performance of a labor of love. A photoplay of extraordinary power and delightful surprises.



E. VENIZELLOS & PRINCE GEORGE. WILL THEY PILOT GREECE IN WAR.

According to a report reaching London, King Constantine of Greece has abdicated his throne and Crown Prince George has been made regent. The report adds that there is a strong possibility of the return to power of former Premier Venizelos, who is strongly pro-ally. Prince George is but twenty-eight years of age.

Then She Wiggled Him.

Wife (with newspaper)—It says here that men grow bald because of the intense activity of their brains. Hub—Exactly! And women have no whiskers because of the intense activity of their chins.

Mighty Near It.

"Do you, Mr. Stacks, think that a rich man can go through the eye of a needle?" "I don't know. I will, however, admit that my lawyers have dragged me through some very small loopholes."—Puck.



HALE HOLDEN & H. E. BYRON. HOLDEN SAYS BONDS WILL FIGHT EIGHT HOUR LAW.

President Hale Holden, of the Chicago Burlington and Quincy, at his office in Chicago, on being questioned regarding what action the railroads would take if the eight hour law is passed by congress and signed by the president, replied:

"The railroad would take no prohibitive action if the bill were passed, but we certainly will not allow an illegal law to stand if we can help it."

The accompanying picture shows Mr. Holden, at the left, in a conference with E. H. Byron, one of his superintendents, regarding the threatened strike.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1916.

Sun rises 5:30; sets 6:27.
Weather clear. Humidity, 45 to 50.

The Temperature.
The lowest point registered by the Freeman's thermometer last night was 52 degrees. The highest point registered up to noon today was 74 degrees.

Weather Forecast.
Washington, Sept. 4.—Fair in south and probably showers in north portion tonight and Tuesday; moderate south and southwest winds.

The Servant Problem.
"If there is a servant problem it is largely the fault of the employer." Of course, dear young bachelor maid-servants. There are so many housekeepers who overlook the importance of serving the cook her breakfast in bed and asking her if there is any little thing that could be done to make her more comfortable.

Measuring the Infinite.
"Eternity," said the country exhorter, who wanted to make things clear, "is forever and forever, and five or six everlasting on top of them. Why, brothers and sisters, after millions and billions of centuries had rolled away in eternity, it would still be a hundred thousand years to breakfast time."

BUSINESS NOTICES.
Schoenag's Special Cabaret, new talent Saturday night and all day Labor Day. Don't miss it.

NEW MILLINERY.
Miss M. C. Snyder has opened a Millinery Parlor in the (Ferry House Building), 94 Ferry street, with the newest Fall Styles.

UP-TO-DATE STORE READY FOR FALL.

Three expert furriers are now at work at our store remodeling and reglazing furs. At present they are busy on a recent purchase of \$5,000 worth of skins, which will be made into new coats. If you have furs that need remodeling or reglazing, bring them here now before the busy season starts. Up-to-Date Clock Mfg. Co., 303-305 Wall St. Kingston, N. Y.

E. F. Kuehn, organist of Wurts Street Baptist Church, intends starting his class in piano instruction September 11. New pupils kindly apply.

Miss Sadie M. Schultz will accept pupils in piano study. Will call at pupils' home to give instruction. Tel. 9-F24.

John Conroy Schmid will open his studio to violin pupils, Sept. 5th, at Harper's, 26 Ann street. Telephone 1883-J.

WE ARE PREPARED.
to furnish you with a nice camera and film and all photo supplies for your Labor Day Excursion.
O'REILLY'S, 530 Broadway.

Miss Sophie Schmidtkonz will begin teaching her class of pupils September 5. New pupils please apply.

NEW FELT HATS.

For Women and Misses, latest Autumn Styles, all colors, \$1.79 and up. At Miss M. C. Snyder's New Millinery, 94 Ferry street, (Ferry House Building).

At the public's service, day or night. Miller's Taxi. Phone 17.

SOUVENIRS.
In leather, wood and metal novelties. Kewpie Dolls and a big line of other novelties.
O'REILLY'S, 530 Broadway.

In addition to the regular a la carte service at Watson Hollow Inn, a special chicken dinner will be served each day for \$1.50. Supper from 6 to 7, \$1.00.

FINE LOT.
Gladstones and Japanese tiles; some beautiful varieties at VALENTIN BURGEVIN, INC., Fair and Main streets.

Smith motor wheels, motorcycles, bicycles and sundries. Vulcanizing and repairing. GRESSLER, 125 West Pierpont street. Telephone.

Awnings. Upholstering. Furniture Repairing. Auto Tops Recovered. HENRY EIGHMEY, 94 Highland avenue.

KODAKS AND SUPPLIES.
We develop and print your pictures in 24 hours. Films called for and delivered. Phone 482-W.
MURPHY'S, 13 East Strand.

Another lot of shirts. All sizes. Dandy patterns. Factory seconds. 50 cents up. McTAGUE'S, 48 Broadway. Telephone.

NEW VICTOR RECORDS FOR SEPTEMBER NOW ON SALE
Complete Line of Machines and Records to choose from.

W. H. RIDER
304 WALL ST. PHONE 16

MENKE'S DAILY SPORTING LETTER

(By Frank G. Menke).

New York, Sept. 4.—Have you noticed that the bulk of the pitching stars in the major leagues are youngsters; kids in their early twenties, who have been in the big show only three or four years at the most.

This is especially true of the American League. Look over the pitching averages the next time they come to your attention and you will note that among the first 30 names you will find less than half a dozen veterans. The National has a greater flock of old timers than the junior league, yet its most successful hurlers are the kids.

Below is a list of pitchers selected from both circuits that proves conclusively that the bulk of star moundsmen are youngsters, that the day of the veteran is over. True, there are a few old timers such as Hughes, Plank, Groen and Rucker who are still pitching; but theirs is little more than a last gasp effort. If they were placed upon the market it is doubtful if much of a bid would be made for anyone of them.

But this list shows pitchers who would command a king's ransom on the auction block. They are the men from whom the choice would be made in picking an all-star staff and the strangest feature of it is that only one—Johnson—has served as long as ten years. Alexander, Toney and Harry Covalleski are tied for second place among the "veterans" with six years each, but all the others have served shorter periods in the majors.

Pitcher	Club	Age	In Mjrs
Shane	Red Sox	25	3
Ruth	Red Sox	22	3
Morton	Indians	23	3
Cullop	Yankees	27	4
H. Covalleski			
Kie	Tigers	28	6
Faber	White Sox	28	3
Koob	Browns	23	2
Gallia	Senators	22	2
Tesreau	Giants	27	5
Nevers	Athletics	22	2
Alexander	Phillies	29	6
Riley	Phillies	25	5
Cheney	Dodgers	29	5
Pfeffer	Dodgers	27	3
Mammoux	Pirates	22	3
Donk	Cardinals	25	4
Neft	Braves	23	2
Toney	Reds	26	6
Rudolph	Braves	27	4
Shawkey	Yankees	24	3
Coumbe	Indians	23	3
S. Covalleski			
Kie	Indians	24	1
Leonard	Red Sox	27	3
Poster	Red Sox	27	3
Johnson	Senators	28	10
Harper	Senators	26	2
Davenport	Browns	23	4
Bush	Athletics	22	5

Kids Star Elsewhere.

And when it comes to the other departments of the game, excepting the outfield, the youngsters again shine with a brilliance that exceeds that of their elders.

Jake Daubert is a wonderful first baseman; a star in every division of play. Hal Chase knows no peers as a fielder and he is hitting at a great clip. But if you had your choice among Daubert, aged 30; Chase, aged 30 and Sisler, aged 23 which man would you take?

Moving along to second base, one finds Zimmerman, Evers, Doyle, Collins, Groh and a few others. Would you take the temperamental Zimmerman, the fighting and ancient Evers, the silvering Doyle, or would the choice be between the 27 year old Groh, who can play short and third as well as second, and the still youthful Collins?

Is there a shortstop in the country who is the peer of Maranville, the "Ridgit Brave"? Yes, Wagner is a wonder, but Honus is old and gray. He wouldn't be the pick of anyone who was trying to build up a team. The chances are that Maranville would get the most votes, with Bancroft the second choice.

Is there a greater third baseman than Hornsby, the "Caid" phenomenon? He is still in his early twenties, with at least 10 years of good baseball in his system.

Behind the bat one finds that all the stars are little more than kids. Walters, of the Yankees, ranking now as one of the greatest backstops in the game, is just a boy. Schalk, the White Sox luminary, also is extremely youthful. So is Snyder, of the Cards, and Schang, of the Athletics.

Schalk, Walters, Snyder and Schang—perhaps the greatest catching combination in baseball. And average age is something like 27. But, in the outfield, it is a bit different. Cobb, Speaker and Jackson are the veterans. As a unit they know no peer. Among the youths are Robertson, of the Giants, Williams of the Cubs and Bruns of the Giants. But none can compare in any department with Cobb, Speaker and Jackson.

The Copyreader.

"Student" writes: "What is a copyreader on a newspaper? What are his duties?" Answer—"A copyreader is a sort of subeditor. It is his duty to read 'stories' submitted by reporters, eliminate all intelligent parts and make certain before sending them to the printers that they will be perfectly meaningless to the reader."—Buffalo Express.

No Lamb for Mary.

Mary was a little man, who took her cut to dine. "It's mutton chops for me," he said; said she, "No lamb for mine." Then she grabbed the bill of fare and wandered down the line ordered all the other stuff from soup to nuts and wine. When at last she'd finished she pronounced the dinner fine—but it divorced the little man from nine dollars and a dime.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Games Played Yesterday in the Big Leagues.

League games Saturday resulted as follows:

National League.

New York, 4; Boston, 1. First game.
New York, 5; Boston, 5. Second game, 10 innings, darkness.
Philadelphia, 4; Brooklyn, 1.
Pittsburgh, 4; Cincinnati, 3. First game.
Cincinnati, 7; Pittsburgh, 2. Second game.
St. Louis, 7; Chicago, 3. First game.
Chicago, 5; St. Louis, 4. Second game, 8 innings, darkness.

American League.

Boston, 5; New York, 3.
Detroit, 2; Chicago, 1. (10 innings).
Cleveland, 6; St. Louis, 4.
Washington, 7; Philadelphia, 6. (11 innings).

International League.

Toronto, 8; Newark, 6. First game.
Newark, 4; Toronto, 2. Second game.
Rochester, 2; Baltimore, 1. Second game.
Rochester, 14; Baltimore, 6. Second game.
Montreal, 7; Richmond, 4. First game.
Montreal, 16; Richmond, 5. Second game.
Buffalo, 7; Providence, 2. First game.
Providence, 8; Buffalo, 4. Second game.

League games Sunday resulted as follows:

National League.

Cincinnati, 7; Pittsburgh, 6.
Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 2. First game.
Chicago, 4; St. Louis, 1. Second game.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Brooklyn	72	47	.605
Boston	70	47	.598
Philadelphia	70	49	.588
New York	67	59	.491
Chicago	58	69	.457
Pittsburgh	56	67	.455
St. Louis	56	71	.441
Cincinnati	49	79	.383

American League.

Detroit, 5; Cleveland, 3.
Chicago, 1; St. Louis, 0.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Boston	72	53	.576
Detroit	72	57	.558
Chicago	70	58	.547
St. Louis	69	60	.535
New York	67	60	.528
Cleveland	63	61	.527
Washington	62	63	.496
Philadelphia	28	96	.225

International League.

Newark, 5; Baltimore, 2. First game.
Baltimore, 6; Newark, 1. Second game.
Richmond, 3; Providence, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

	W.	L.	Pct.
Buffalo	71	52	.577
Providence	67	56	.545
Toronto	65	55	.542
Montreal	63	56	.529
Baltimore	64	61	.512
Richmond	56	67	.455
Rochester	54	66	.450
Newark	48	75	.390

Games Scheduled Today.

Weather clear all around.

National League.

New York at Boston, morning and afternoon.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia, morning and afternoon.
Cincinnati at Chicago, two games in afternoon.
St. Louis at Pittsburgh, morning and afternoon.

American League.

Boston at New York, morning and afternoon.
Philadelphia at Washington, morning and afternoon.
Cleveland at Detroit, morning and afternoon.
Chicago at St. Louis, two games in afternoon.

International League.

Baltimore at Newark, two games in afternoon.
Richmond at Providence, morning and afternoon.
Rochester at Toronto, morning and afternoon.
Montreal at Buffalo, morning and afternoon.

State League.

Morning games—Utica at Syracuse, Elmira at Binghamton; Scranton at Wilkes-Barre, Harrisburg at Reading.
Afternoon games—Syracuse at Utica, Wilkes-Barre at Scranton; Harrisburg at Reading; Binghamton at Elmira.

Hot Livers.

(By Frank G. Menke.)

Should Detroit drop both of its games to the floundering Indians, and the Sox take both from the Yanks, it won't relieve the Bostonian strain very much, because the White Sox still are to be reckoned with.

And then it must be remembered that even if the Red Sox fatten their percentage today and for the rest of the week they are yet to face a western trip where four of the strongest clubs in the league are waiting to slug 'em.

Consolation.

"Isn't it sad about poor Jim Smith? When Flora Fyrite refused him he was so downhearted that he went and enlisted in the army." "He's in luck. He'll be a free man again in a few years, whereas if he had married her he'd have been tied up for life."—New York World.

It Ought To.

Patience—"So says she makes her piano talk." "Patience—"No such thing. If it could talk it would say 'shut up.' I'll bet you."

"SHORE WAS" SOME SHORE DINNER TOO

The Freeman Social Club Has Its Innings in the Outing Game and Pays Devotees to the Clam and Other Seasonable Delicacies Up the River.

Clamjuice is the only known serum to counteract the fever for outings at this season and plenty of it was in evidence Sunday at Coddington's Dock, on the Hudson, just below Ulster Landing, where The Freeman Social Club held its annual outing and shore dinner. John Schussler was in charge of the bake which assured the best of culinary treatment for the clams, corn, bluefish and chicken that were the appetizing features of an extensive menu. Thirty-one took part in the hostilities, the clams and other good things putting up only a feeble resistance to a most determined onslaught.

In the morning there were athletic and other games together with vocal and instrumental solos. There was also some chance shooting on the hill but without it was a most delightful day of quiet enjoyment in keeping with the pleasant weather.

Most of the party got an early start and all came up aboard the steamer Gardner. A close watch was kept for the sharks reported to have been sighted along the river but none were noticed until after the landing.

The bake was served promptly at 2 o'clock and justice, as well as mayhem, was done to the steamed gastronomic offering which made digestive apparatus groan in unison with the well laden board. Watermelon capped the day was given over to recreation in various forms.

Frazes in the athletic contests were awarded by President James Connolly as follows:

Hop race, umbrella, won by Felix Huber.

Running hop, skip and jump.

Prize of a baseball, won by John Hartman.

Hobble race, box of cigars, won by Thomas Edwards.

Balancing race, a safety razor won by Fred Hoffman.

Among the out of town was William McGinnis of Baltimore, Md., representing the International News Service.

An Old Trait.

Uncle Eben—"I just had a letter from my English cousin. He was in the trenches. He says one day his company was ordered to charge, and the first thing he knew he ran into a lot of barbed wire, several mines and a hundred German batteries." Aunt Nancy—"Just like George—never looks where he's going."—Life.

See Our Bargain Tables

S. C. Eighmey

See Our Bargain Tables

End of Season Clearance Sale!

From now until September 2d all our efforts will be put forth to make a complete clearance of all Summer Merchandise, Summer Dress Goods, Ready Made Garments, Shirt Waists, Wash Dress Skirts, small lots of Underwear, Hosiery, etc.

Stocks will be re-arranged from day to day and prices reduced to make this work thorough. Needless to say that with prices advancing and many lines of goods scarce and hard to secure our policy of quick sales and small profits will meet with your approval and increased patronage.

Good Suit Cases
97c, \$1.50, \$1.97
\$2.97 up to
\$6.97

THE DOWN TOWN
DRY GOODS STORE
26 BROADWAY

Good Trunks
\$4.50, \$5, \$5.97,
\$6.97 and
\$8.50

Bound to Have a Title.

One W. H. Young, who has written a merry book on his adventures as a business man in South America, tells of a Brazilian, Senor Dom Jose de Braganza, whose eagerness for title went so far that he printed on his cards, "Ex-passer, first class, R. M. S. P. C." He had once taken a trip, first cabin, on a Royal Mail Steam Packet company boat.

SUPREME COURT, ULSTER COUNTY.

William Engel, plaintiff, against Maurice Lawlor, and others, defendants. In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly granted in the above entitled action and entered in the Ulster county clerk's office on the 22d day of July, 1916, I, Daniel B. DeTo, the undersigned referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the front door of the court house in the city of Kingston, county of Ulster, N. Y., on the 11th day of September, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon, the premises described in said judgment as follows:

All that certain lot of land situate in the town of Plattekill, county of Ulster, and state of New York, and bounded and described as follows. Beginning in the

center of the highway formerly the Farmers' Turnpike, and 21 feet southerly from the N. E. corner of a stone wall on the line of lands of Ira Hall, and running thence as the needle pointed May 12, 1890, north two degrees east, thirteen chains and sixty-seven links, along lands of said Ira Hall and Anson Armstrong to a point on the rocks in a woods marked by an oak sapling, thence south sixty-three degrees and twenty-five minutes east, seven chains and eighty links along lands of said Armstrong, thence south sixty-three degrees and fifteen minutes east, three chains and five links along lands formerly of John J. Hall, at present the new Falls Savings Bank, to the westerly line of lands of said bank; thence south five degrees and forty-five minutes west, seven chains and thirty links to the end of a stone wall running westerly, thence south nineteen degrees and fifteen minutes west five chains along the lands of said bank to the center of the highway aforesaid and 18 links south of the end of a stone wall; thence north eighty-four degrees and fifteen minutes west, eight chains and ninety links through the center of said highway to the place of beginning, containing thirteen acres and twenty-two hundredths of an acre, be the same more or less. Be the said several distances and dimensions more or less.

Dated, July 22d, 1916.

DANIEL B. DETO, Referee.

LEWIS S. GOEBEL, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Office & P. O. Address, 41 Park Row, New York City.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Louisa Thielemann, late of the town of Rosendale, county of Ulster, deceased, intestate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Charles E. Thielemann, the administrator of the estate of said deceased, at his residence in Whiteport, town of Rosendale, in the said county of Ulster, N. Y., on or before the 8th day of September, 1916.

Dated, March 4th, 1916.

CHARLES E. THIELEMAN, Administrator.

Frederick Stephan, Jr., Attorney for Admistrator, 21 Broadway, Kingston, N. Y.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Walter N. Gill, surrogate of Ulster county, notice is hereby given, according to law, to all persons having claims against Mary E. Elmore, late of the village of Highland, county of Ulster, deceased, testate, to present the same with the vouchers in support thereof, to the undersigned, Thornton Earle, the executor of the estate of said deceased, at his place of transacting business, 38 Park Row, in the city of New York, on or before the 11th day of September, 1916.

Dated, March 11, 1916.

THORNTON EARLE, Executor.

William R. Rust, attorney, 30 Park Row, New York City.

Honest, kid—honest; when that steeple-jack guy fell off'n the Woolworth Tower the other day there wasn't no accident about it. He just fell for a box of MECCAS.

